Israel agrees to Taba compromise

TEL AVIV (Rt — The cabinet decided Wednesday to commit Israel to withdrawing from the disputed Taba border area in exchange for an Egyptian agreement to reopen negotiations, Israel radio reported. The decision to withdraw within a specified time frame was seen as a compromise gesture to the Egyptians, who have refused to schedule further talks because of a disagreement about a timetable for Israel to hand over the beachfront area (see page 2). Israel radio said U.S. mediator Abraham the beachtroni area (see page 2). Israel radio said U.S. medialor Abraham Sofaer would pass on the 10-member inner cabinet's decision to the Egyptians. The radio did not give any indication of the withdrawal schedule. Foreign ministry spokesmen said they were unable to comment on the report. Talks on the last remaining obstacles to handing back Taba stalled over Israel's insistence that the timetable for withdrawal could not be set until agreement was reached on the issues of access for Israeli lourists and compensation for Israelt owners of a luxnry hotel and a holiday resort

Volome 14 Number 4001

AMMAN THURSDAY-FRIDAY FEBRUARY 2-3, 1989, JUMADA AL AQIRA 25-26, 1409

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria I pound; Lebanon I pound; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

King risits army

in his office Wednesday with visiting Turkish Army Chief of Staff General Necit Torumtay and a delegation accompanying

means of promoting bilateral cooperation.

AMMAN (Perra) - Prime Minister Zaid Rifai had a meeting

The meeting was attended by Chief of Staff General Fathi Abu Turkey's Ambassador to Jordan. Taleb Torumtay was briefed on



dence in the armed forces, their of Staff General Fathi Abu role and efficiency.

The King was accompanied by Royal Court Chief Field Marshal

reaffirmed his absolute confi- Sharif Zaid Ion Shaker and Chief Taleh. A number of senior military officials and officers attended the meeting.



Prime Minister Zald Rifai Wednesday hold talks with Turkish army Chief of Staff General Necit Torumtay (centre) in a meeting attended by Turkish Ambassador to Jordan Samih Belen (Petra photo)

the development of the Jordanian Armed Forces. Bilateral cooperation was also discussed at the

The Turkish military delegation later visited the Royal Command and Staff College, the Royal War Academy, the Fifth -Royal Armoured Division, and the Armed Forces workshops.

Iran marks revolution anniversary

NICOSIA (AP) - Schoolbells pealed across Iran Wednesday and hundreds of prisoners were freed as the country began 10 days of celebrations marking the 10th anniversary of the revolution that ended 2,500 years of monarchy. Tehran Radio reported.

The radio, monitored in Nicosia, said the school bells, joined by those of Armenian churches, began ringing at 9.03 a.m. (0533 GMT).

That was the exact minute Feb. 1, 1979, that an Air France jetliner carrying Avatoliah Khomeini, the religious leader who masterminded the revolution, home from 15 years in exile landed at Tehran's Mehrabad airport to a tumultuous welcome by millions of his supporters.

The celebrations, which include sports tournaments, cultural festivals, firework displays and reenactments of revolutionary events in the streets, are the first held in peacetime since 1980, following the Aug. 20 ceasefire in the war against Iraq.

They will climax Feb. 11 the anniversary of the day the last government formed by the late Shah Mohammad Reza Pahlavi collapsed and the revolutionaries took over to proclaim the republic.

The celebrations take place against a backdrop of change. with some leaders seeking to ease religious, political and social restrictions after the hardships of the war and a new awareness that Iran must end its self-imposed isolation.

The authorities have suspended the execution of narcoties smugglers during the celebrations.

More than 130 convicted smugglers have been executed since early January in a nationwide crackdown, in which scores more have been reported killed in shootouts with security forces and more than 1,500 people arrested.

Nonetheless, the celebrations began amid a wave of political executions and political in-fighting between socalled pragmatists in the Tehran hierarchy and radicals, iockeving for position for the power struggle that is expected to flare when Khomeini dies.

Arab panel to consult more Lebanese

TUNIS (Agencies) — Six Arab foreign ministers Wednesday gave up for the moment an attempt to solve Lehanon's constitutional crisis, saying they needed to consult more Lebanese leaders.

leaders

Sheikh Sabah Al Ahmad Al Sabah of Kowait, chairman of the committee, said Lebanon's two rival prime ministers and parliamentary speaker remained at odds, mainly over reforms to their country's sectarian-hased political

"The committee decided to continue contacts with the rest of the Lebanese parties to reach a compromise formula to solve the present Lebanese crisis," a league statement said at the end of the three-day talks.

The committee carlier drafted a working document which it presented to the Lebanese leaders during separate meetings, league sources said. The document was said to be a "synthesis of ideas" advanced by Aoun, Hoss and Hus-

The committee is headed by Sheikh Sabah and includes foreign ministers from Algeria, Tunisia, Jordan, the United Arah Emirates and Sudan, along with Chadli Klibi, secretary-general of the Arab

The committee held separate talks with Michel Aoun, who outgoing President Amin Gemayel to head an interim military cabinet, premier Salim Hoss and Hussein Husseini, speaker of the Lebanese parliament.

All three Lebanese agree on the need for presidential elections, withdrawal of foreign forces and constitutional reforms in favour of Lebanon's Muslims. But they differ on what they should tackle first.

TUNIS (Agencies) — The Pales-

tine Liberation Organisation

(PLO) rejected Israeli Prime

Minister Yitzhak Shamir's latest

peace plan Wednesday, describ-

ing it as outdated and a pretext

for continued occupation of the

"I advise Mr. Shamir to stop

digging into his old stock and

bringing out these goods which

are out of date... no Palestinians

or Arabs will speak to him on this

basis," PLO spokesman Ahmad

Shamir told reporters his new

plan envisaged "autonomy" for

the occupied territories and an

Israeli troop withdrawal from

urban centres followed five years

later by negotiations on the fu-

ture status of the occupied terri-

Abdul Rahman said the plan

looked almost identical to the

Abdul Rahman told Reuters.

West Bank and Gaza Strip.

King voices total support for Sudan

AMMAN (J.T.) - His Majesty King Hussein Wednesday reaffirmed Jordan's total support for Sudan and the Kingdom's best wishes for the Sudanese people and government.

The King was speaking at a meeting at Al Nadwa Palace with Sudanese Defence Minister Abdul Majid Khalil and Armed Forces Chief of Staff Mahdi Nimer. The two envoys delivered to

the King a message from Sudanese Prime Minister Sadeq Al Mahdi and reviewed with the King Jordanian-Sudanese relations. They also briefed His Majesty on the situation in

The meeting was attended by Royal Court Chief Field Marshal Sharif Zaid Ibn Shaker and Sudanese Ambassador 10 Jordan Mahjouh Radwan.



His Majesty King Hussein Wednesday confers with Sudanese Defence Minister Abdul Majed Khalil (second from left) and Armed Forces Chief of Staff Mahdi Nimer in a meeting attended by the Sudanese ambassador to Jurdan (Petra photo)

Crown Prince, UNRWA chief discuss services to refugees News Agency, Petra, Giacomelli said that altogether the Israelis have closed down 98 primary and

AMMAN (Petra) — His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan had a meeting at the Royal Court Wednesday with United Nations Relief and Works Agency (UN-RWA) Commissioner-General Giorgio Giacomelli with whom he reviewed the agency's services to Palestinian refugees. Prince Hassan briefed

Giacometti on the on-going process to develop education in the Kingdom and provide training to teachers and improve school buildings and facilities.

The meeting was attended by Deputy Prime Minister and Minister of Education Thougan Hindawi.

Concern over W. Bank

Earlier Wednesday, Giacomelli expressed deep con-Israel pursues tougher tactics

(Agencies) - Six Palestinian pro-

testers convicted of hurling

stones at Israeli soldiers have

been jailed for up to five years in

the toughest court action since the start of the Palestinian upris-

Israel Radio and television said

the sentences of six Gaza Strip

along with fines of up to \$800

An army spokesman said the

court imposed sentences of three

to five years on the defendants

with jail terms of 18 months to

two years and the remaining time

suspended. The fines ranged

One of the Palestinians was 15

years old and another 16. The

sentences contrast with a three-

month prison term imposed on an

Israeli officer this week for negli-

Palestinian "autonomy" propos-

als agreed by Israel and Egypt in

the Camp David accords of 1978.

proposals for peace, but for con-

tinued occupation," the spokes-

man said. "So the intifada will

continue and we will escalate it

until Shamir understands the

struggling for self-determination,

complete Israeli withdrawal and

their independent state. There

the international community,

especially Europe and the United

States, must still put pressure on

Israel to come to the negotiating

It was Shamir's most concilia-

tory statement yet on Israel's

future role in the occupied terri-

Shamir's proposals showed that

The Palestinian people are

facts on the ground.

are no other solutions."

table, he added.

"Shamir's proposals are not

Palestinians imposed Tueso

ing 14 months ago.

were unprecedented.

from \$400 to \$800.



HRH Crown Prince Hassan

cern over the closure by the Israeli occupation authorities of schools in the occupied West

Police used water cannon to

disperse Palestinian children who

left their schools Wednesday to

throw stones and erect roadb-

ly injured when proleslers threw

a bottle at a hus on the main

An Israeli hus driver was slight-

Police arrested three school-

girls on suspicion of participating

in the protests, a police spokes-

school after the morning demon-

strations. Some schools have

been closed for several days this

month because of demonstra-

Anahta village Wednesday to

prevent protests planned to com-

"At a certain stage, when there

several urban centres and be fo-

cused in some other areas," he

told reporters after addressing a

group of visiting North American

He also referred to "some con-

centration of our troops in special

locations, not including big cen-

tres of population," during a period of "autonomy" for Palesti-

Shamir pointed out that such a

move is called for in the U.S.-brokered

Camp David accords, which he

supports. But he has not defined

what steps Israel would be willing

to take to get the peace process

the right-wing Likud bloc, also has told Jewish settlers that Israel

would never give up the West

In the past, Shamir, who heads

The army imposed a curfew on

The students did not return to

locks in Arah Jerusalem.

heddin Street.

windscreen.

woman said.

In a statement to the Jordan Jordanian officials.

nian last August.

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM gence in shooting dead a Palesti-

PLO rejects Shamir plans as outdated stock

rabbis.

moving.

Bank or Gaza.

past year. Giacomelli Tuesday discussed

said.

West Bank.

uprising rule.

is autonomy, the army will leave of the peace proposal he has been

rubber hullets.

UNRWA services to the refugees in Jordan at a meeting with Prime Minister Zaid Rifai and other

memorate the anniversary of the

with troops in refugee camps.

Asked if what he said was part

promising to present, Shamir

the government programme."

said: "These principles are part of

The prime minister said the

most crucial step in the peace

process is to begin negotiations.

tive results will come," he said.

Once we get to this stage posi-

In his remarks to reporters

Wednesday, Shamir again stated

that Israel would never talk to the

PLO and would not accept a

The PLO Wednesday said it

was ready to meet an Israeli

delegation in Geneva during a

meeting of the United Nations

Human Rights Commission cur-

rently examining Israel's treat-

Sources close to the Israeli

delegation said it would turn

Palestinian state.

ment of Palestinians.

down the offer.

preparatory schools run by UN-

from basic education.

RWA in the West Bank, thus depriving some 40,000 pupils An UNRWA statement quoted Giacomelli as expressing his deep concern over the mounting casualties among the Palestinian children as a result of Israeli troops' use of live hullets and Random shooting, he said, Sadeq Al Mahdi caused serious casualties among the Palestinian children in the

Khartoum cabinet reshuffled

KHARTOUM (AP) - Prime Minister Sadeq Al Mahdi Wednesday announced Sudan's fourth government since 1986, killing of three residents during with the fundamentalist National clashes with soldiers, sources Islamic Front (NIF) retaining two key posts, the Sudan News Agen-Palestinians reported protests

in the occupied Gaza Strip It said the front's leader, Hassan Al Tourahi, became foreign Wednesday morning and clashes minister and deputy premier, and On Tuesday, soldiers shot and | a member of his party, Hafez Al

and attorney general. strators in the occupied territories during a general strike against involved 10 appointments -

Israeli tax collection, hospitals They said 17 were wounded in the Gaza. Strip and seven in the Throughout the occupied territories Palestinians closed shops.

Mahdi's Umma Party, the prinstopped public transport and cipal coalition partner, four to the many stayed away from their jobs NIF and one to a southern party. in Israel, heeding the strike call by underground leaders of the

tained his post. Minister of Information Abdullah Mohammad Ahmad now takes over the economy and foreign trade brief. He is replaced by another Umma member, Beshir

Also Ajo Deng, who had hitherto held the transport portfolio, was appointed minister of agriculture and second deputy

ministries of health, energy, public works and housing. Mahdi Monday dissolved three ministerial portfolios to cut spending as part of a government austerity

programme. The reshuffle, announced on state radio Omdurman, followed the withdrawal from government

Unionist Party (DUP). Mahdi, in office since May 1986, appointed Mubarak Al Fadel Al Mahdi as interior minis-

ter, replacing Ahhas Abu Sham-ma Ahdul Mahmoud, a former policeman. The Foreign Ministry portfolio

was previously held by DUP member Hussein Abu Saleh. The NIF now replaces the DUP as the main coalition partner with Mahdi's Umma Party.

Sudan. This is strongly opposed by rebels fighting the government in the south since 1983.

Iran's Parliament Speaker constitutional conference was

The agency quoted Rafsanjani

Iraq-Iran military panel likely to meet soon ministers would give Secretarytion so far implemented is the

BAGHDAD (Agencies) — Iraqi and Iranian military officers will likely meet soon for technical talks aimed at strengthening the five-month-old Gulf war ceasefire, the commander of the United Nations monitoring group said Wednesday.

General Slavko Jovic, who heads the U.N. Iran-Iraq Military Observation Group (UNIIMOG) supervising the ceasefire, told reporters the two countries were asked to forward officers' names for participation in a mixed military group that would be formed with UNIIMOG.

He said the mixed military committee could meet "very soon" in the no-man's zone along the ceasefire line. The Yugoslav general said the

group would work out technical details for stabilising the Aug. 20 ceasefire that halted the Gulf

Iran and Iraq agreed to set up the military committee after U.N. special envoy Jan Eliasson held talks in Baghdad and Tehran last Jovic said that setting up the

group was "a very important step towards stabilising the ceasefire' along the 1,190-kilometre front-

Iranian Foreign Minister Ali Akhar Velayati Tuesday described Baghdad's decision as a positive step.

Both Iranian and Iraqi officers will serve on the group along with UNIIMOG officers but no details have been given on how it will

The foreign ministers of Iran and Iraq are expected to visit ers this visit to have been most New York next week when the Security Council dehates the

peacekeeping force, a U.N. spokesman said Tuesday. The presence of both foreign

General Javier Perez de Cuellar a chance to discuss the Iran-Iraq peace talks, which deadlocked soon after they began Aug. 25.

U.N. officials hope Iraqi Foreign Minister Tareq Aziz and Velayati, will be present when the Security Council considers a six-month extension of UN-IIMOG Feh. 8, said U.N. spokesman Francois Giuliani.

The foreign ministers have not announced whether they will attend next week's council ses-SiOD.

Perez de Cuellar received a briefing Tuesday from Eliasson. "The secretary-general considuseful for the continuation of his efforts within the framework of

Security Council Resolution 598," the spokesman said.

The only element of the resoln-

ceasefire declared last August.

"The secretary-general is confident that the exchanges which took place during the past week and the indications received from both sides can add momentum to the peace process. And he hopes to be able to see both foreign ministers in the near future," the spokesman said. Perez de Cuellar also wel-

comed the cooperation of the two sides with his efforts and with the UNIIMOG.

Hashemi Rafsanjani believes that war is unlikely to resume, the Islamic Republic News Agency reported Wednesday.

as saying he could not exclude the possibility of the Gulf war flaring again but that "such a possibility is not very high."



cy (SUNA) reported.

wounded 24 Palestinian demon- Sheikh Al Zaki, justice minister The agency said the reshuffle

Tourabi and four other holdovers given different portfolios and five newcomers. Tourabi doubled as iustice minister and acting foreign minister in the outgoing cabinet. Five of the 10 seats went to

Defence Minister Ahdul Majid Khalil of the Umma Party re-

Omer who was finance minister for two years ending in May last

prime minister. Other changes included the

last December of the Democratic

Tourahi, a French-educated former law lecturer, wants the strict implementation of Sharia in

He has opposed a peace pact reached between the rebels of the Sudan People's Liberation Army (SPLA) and the DUP which called for a freeze on the introduction of new Islamic laws before a

The DUP quit the government to protest the rejection of the agreement and the SPLA, fighting to end what it sees as domination by the north, has escalated fighting and refused to meet government envoys.

AMMAN (Petra) — His Majesty. King Plussein, the supreme com-mander of the Jordanian Armed Porces, Wednesday visited the command of the Third Royal Armoused Division and was briefed on the division's duties

and training exercises. The King met with the officers of the unit and explained to them. current Arab and international issues and Jordan's efforts to achieve Arab solidarity. He also-

ic house

ge of 7

vas bomi;

lose work

Delicycl

ady book em Freid Oise wher

Tance on

lion).

diterrang

natternes

drivers a

I. The &.

.3 mile

t umpres;

:отреж

DSC COST

t the we

er and one

a "Alduc

are part

the Ure

Ompani:

classes way

ontrol 27

ocrames.

aiso unit

be direct

. late, si

Kesmant

IS. QUADE

ed by W

nucrs #

there se

ives

ard

ie third it

FIDINGIA

Award.

me achor

rusical or

i has at

O pieces

e for me

ic with s

and call

ned in it.

1 2 四年

œ.

en

jes

ritish house

n has take.

ng account

us picture of princes we disease in Comme

Hoggsed Henn. by er bec kou vi ocialed

in Load

Rifai meets Turkish army chief

Rifal and Torumtay reviewed Jordanian-Turkish relations: and

The Turkish aimy chief of staff had a meeting at the army headquarters Tuesday evening with

LAST-MINUTE NEWS Diibouti seeks Red Sea arrangement

RIYADIF (R) - Dibouti is working with several Arab countries to coordinate security in the Red Sea, President Hassan Gouled has said. to confront all dangers that might threaten us," he told the Jeildah-based Okaz newspaper. We are now contacting Arab countries on the Red Sea — Saudi Arabia; Sudan, Egypt and Jordan — in order to find this strategy for which we will work in the future."
Gouled left, leddan Wennesday after a visit of several days to receive

treatment for an eye ailment, the Saudi Press Agency said.

UNICEF issues urgent Sudan aid appeal GENEVA (AP) - The U.N. Children's Fund (UNICEF) appealed Wednesday for SIT.5 indlion in emergency aid to Sudan for hundreds of thousands forced to flee their homes by drought and civil war. The main aim is to help provide food, drugs and clean water for displaced people in southern Sudan and the Khartoum area, a UNICEF statement said. Vaccination drives are planned after a measles onthreak killed all children under five in some villages last summer, Robert Rogier, a LINICEF representative in Khartoura, told a press

are Merchanika Terapera, por 1 EEC: No role in export debacle.

BRUSSRES (R) - The European Commission said Wednesday it could not help Palestinian farmers recover money for their first direct shipment of citrus fruit to Western Europe. The growers say they have received nothing for 4,000 tonnes of grapefruit they shipped to the Notherlands last month and may even be sued by Dutch importers to recover unexpected costs, A spokesman for the commission, the European Economic Community's (EEC) executive body, said Brusas aware of the difficulties but added: "The commi sion is not able to intervene in matters that are purely commercial."

Yugoslavia to hold early congress

RELGRADE (R) - Yugoslavia's divided Communist Party decided Wednesday to hold a congress this year, at least six months ahead of schedule, but failed to repair the split in its ranks caused by a bitter power, struggle at the top. The policy-making Central Committee dated on the congress, but without making it an emergency meeting width could tip the power balance in favour of Serbian strongman Sobodan Milosevic and against party leader Stipe Suvar. The exact dutt, agenda and regular or emergency status or the country. Tanjug news decided by the Central Committee within three months, Tanjug news ida and regular or emergency status of the congress would be

Amal: Hizboliah to evacuate casualties

BEIRUT (R) — Militia rivals agreed Wednesday to evacuate casualties from their battles in South Lebanon as the first step in Plementing a peace agreement. Sources in the Amal and Hizbollah militar said the wounded would be evacuated from the village of Unital Thursday morning. Leaders of the two factions signed an mascus Monday to end a year of strife that has killed hundreds. Iran and Syria, who brought the two sides together, have

Mitterrand: Gandhi hold talks

NEW DELHI (AP) - President Francois Mitterrand of France and the pass of your gold of the said. Prime Minister Rajiv Gandhi held an hour-long closed-door meeting Wednesday and delegations from the two countries met for discussions ic cooperation in a wide range of areas including nuclear power, officials said. The two countries signed agreements for expanding scientific cooperation in biotechnology and biomedical sciences and to set up the world's largest facility to manufacture viral vaccines, they said. An Indian Foreign Ministry official said the two kaders briefly discussed expansion of cooperation in atomic energy and space exploration but did not reach an agreement. Mitterrand, accompanied by his wife Danielle and eight cabinet ministers, arrived in New Delhi cartier Wednesday for a four day official visit. He was welcomed at the presidential palace by President Ramaswamy Ventataramen, Gandhi, members of the Indian cabinet and senior

Mubarak assails Israel over Taba pullout delay

CAIRO (R)— Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak accused Israel Wednesday of obstructing relations with Cairo by insisting on compensation before quitting the Sinai seaside resort of Taba.

The Israeli army radio said Israel's inner cabinet had decided to set a date for withdrawal from Taba in return for a resumption of talks on property ownership and Israeli access.

Muharak's remarks to reporters were his strongest on the Taba issue since international arbitrators awarded the small strip at the rop of the Gulf of Aqaba to Egypt last September.

"I cannot understand what the Israeli government wants... there is a court ruling," the national Middle East News Agency (MENA) quoted the president as

"They are putting obstacles in the path of relations between the two countries because of the (Israeli-owned) Sonesta hotel. It is very strange. I can't understand them." he said.

An Israeli foreign ministry official said he could not immediately confirm the army radio report. Mubarak asked: "Do 1bey think that by complicating things they can get extra tens of millions of pounds?"

U.S.-mediated talks this week have failed to resolve a row over whether Israel should pull out of Taha before or after details of the

hotel's future have been agreed. Egypt wants the Isralis to quit Taba immediately and then negotiate compensation for the Sonesta hotel, its future management and access for Israeli tourists to Taba. Israel want the issues resolved first.

In the meantime the Israelis still occupy. Taha although the latest deadline for an end to negotiations expired last Sunday. Mubarak said: "I tell them -

respond to the call of peace and there is no need for such complications, A court ruling was issued on the land, we were all satisfied with it, so what are those complications? "I fear the consequences in the

The leading U.S. expert on Taba, State Department legal adviser Abraham Sofaer, was due to discuss the row with Foreign



Hosni Mubarak

Minister Esmat Abdul Meguid later Wednesday.

Egyptian officials said they expected Sofaer to hring new proposals from Israel. Israeli army radio said the in-

ner cabinet accepted a proposal hy Sofaer to end deadlock in talks on handing over Taha and asked him to pass the decision to Egypt.

Benjedid due in Morocco next week

RABAT (R) — Algerian President Chadli Benjedid will pay a three-day state visit to neighbouring Morocco next week, the Fore-ign Ministry said Wednesday.

Statements issued simultaneously in Rabat and Algiers said Benjedid would arrive in Morocco Feb. 6 in what they described as a visit of "friendship and work."

It will be the first visit by an Algerian head of state to Moroc-

co for more than 15 years. Relations between the two states were restored last May after a rupture of 13 years caused hy Algeria's support for Polisario independence in the former both sides last August.



Chadli Benjedid

Spanish colony of Western

On Tuesday, Benjedid received a telephone call from U.N. Secretary General Javier Perez de Cuellar who has proposed a peace plan to end the Sahara guerrillas' fighting Morocco for conflict, accepted in principle hy

U.S. stand snags **Security Council** draft on Palestine

UNITED NATIONS (Agencies) Security Council members day on a statement about the situation in the Israeli-occupied said it should call for restraint on on both sides. both sides.

the urging of the Palestinian U.N. observe mission, on a statement criticising tough new measures by the Israeli authorities aimed at pntting down the 14-month-old Palestinian uprising in the West Bank and Gaza.

dication whether, in the absence of the consensus necessary for a

U.S. Amhassador Vernon Walters told reporters after Tuesfailed to reach agreement Tues- day's consultations: "We came very close to arriving at an agreed text but we had some difficulty territories after the United States because it didn't call for restraint

We think it is important that it The council has been working be a balanced document, and we privately for more than a week, at did not find the document halanced. And therefore we found that we could oot agree on it."

The alternate representative of the Palestinian delegation, Nas-ser Al Kidwa, said: "There was no agreement, unfortunately, due to the position of one member There was no immediate in- state, namely the United States. In spite of all flexibility and lengthy attempts by everybody else in statement, the Palestinian mis- the council and by us, in the sion would call for a formal coun- observer mission of Palestine, we couldn't reach an agreement."

nistan or when the withdrawal

Gromov also denied U.S.

conducting a "scorched earth"

policy as their troops leave

with reality," he said of the.

spokesman for the State Depart-

accusation made Monday in Washington by Charles Redman.

Afghanistan before a Feh. 15

"That does not correspond NA

would be completed.

THE LATEST FROM Apple Computer



The Macintosh IIX is the new high performance, open architecture member of the Macintosh family. Equipped with a new microprocessor of enormous power and possibilities. The Motorola 68030, combined with a 68882 co-processor, and 4 megabytes of random access memory offers an average performance improvement of 15% over the Macintosh II for most applications, and up to 200% for certain floating point calculations.

What more, using the 1.4 megabyte disk drive with an internal 80 megabytes hard disk, the Macintosh IIX extends the performance and flexibility by supporting other operating environments including MS-DOS, OS/2 and

So, won't be an excellent idea to visit Ideal Systems and test drive the most powerful Apple Computer ever.

See the Mac IIX at our Exhibition Special Prices will be offered during the Exhibition



Ideal System Co. (Pvt) Ltd., P.O. Box, 182756, Annuan, JORDAN Tel: 676175, 676176, 605705 Th: 21007 Fax. 672170



Apple Computer
The power to be your best.

MIDDLE EAST NEWS IN BRIEF

U.S. urges PLO to cooperate quickly

WASHINGTON (R) — The United States Tuesday urged the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) to give investigators any information it had on the explosion of a Pan Am jetliner over Scotland last year in which 270 people died. Responding to reports the PLO gave the United States specific information about the involvement of the Israeli Mossad secret service in the attack, State Department spokesman Charles Redman said: "I can say very simply that's absolutely false. The PLO has provided us with no information on who is responsible for Pan Am 103. If the PLO has any information, it should provide it to the investigators immediately."

Israei names new naval chief

TEL AVIV (AP) — Brigadier-General Micha Ram has been appointed commander of the Israeli oavy, the military command announced. Ram assumed the post Wednesday and promoted to the rank of major general, it said. Ram replaces Maj. Gen. Ahraham Even-Sboshan.

Sudan bans British Airways flights

KHARTOUM (R) - Sudan Tuesday hanned British Airways (BA) from flying to Khartoum after accusing it of involvement in smuggling and illegal curreocy deals. The official Sudanese News Agency (SUNA) said the civil aviation authority had suspended all flights by BA and ordered its planes not to enter Sudanese air space. It did not say if the measures were permanent, and gave no details of the allegations of smuggling and illicit foreign currency deals. A British Airways spokeswoman in London said the company's Sudan manager had been called to the offices of the civil aviation authority in Khartoum to discuss "alleged cootraveotions of ticketing regulations. We have no knowledge of any smuggling charges." She declined to give any

Gulf Air resumes Baghdad flights

BAHRAIN (AP) — The first Gulf Air flight to Baghdad in more than eight years took off from the United Arab Emirates' capital of Abu Dhabi Wednesday, marking the resumption of the oyages that were suspended because of the Gulf war. The Bahrain-based Gulf News Agency said the airliner planned three flights a week to Baghdad from Ahu Dhabi, Manama and Doha. Gulf Air is owned by the governments of Bahrain, Qatar, Oman and Ahu Dhabi, one of the seven emirates that comprise the UAE. Its flights to the Iraqi capital were suspended shortly after the outhreak of the Iran-Iraq war in September 1980.

Israel admits defecting Soviet Jew

TEL AVIV (R) - Israel hopes that ties with Moscow will be unharmed by its admission of a Soviet Jewish mathematician, foreign ministry officials said Wednesday. Yaakov Kogan flew to Tel Aviv after going missing in Paris following a week-long Franco-Soviet computer seminar. He was given an Israeli entry visa by the Israeli consulate in the French capital, "We are hoping this whole affair will not hurt relations in any way," a foreign ministry spokesman said. Speaking to reporters at an immigrant absorption centre in Tel Aviv, Kogan said in broken English: "I am a Jewish.

15,000 Ugandans stranded in Sudan

KAMPALA (R) - Fifteen thousand Ugandan refugees anxious to return home are stranded in southern Sudan by intensified fighting between Sudanese government troops and rebels, a senior U.N. official said Wednesday. William Young, Uganda representative of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR), said the refugees were the last of an estimated 500,000 Ugandans who fled their country after dictator Idi Amin was toppled in 1979. The majority of the refugees returned home last year. Young told Reuters that the UNHCR hoped to repatriate the 15,000 Ugandans this month if fighting between Sudanese troops and rebels

Soviets continue Afghan withdrawal

KABUL (Agencies) — Smiling and waving Soviet soldiers pulled ont of the Afghan capital and started their journey home allegations that the Soviets were Wednesday, an Afghan government spokesman said.

An Interior Ministry spokesman who identified himself as Hamed said heavy shelling could be heard on the strategic Salang Highway that leads to the Soviet

He said the Soviet convoy gathered at the base of the Salang and moved through a checkpoint about five kilometres up the road at about 6 a.m. (0130 GMT). convoy was but he said it took 50

minutes to pass through and each ment provided the United States truck carried from 10 to 50 sol-halted military supplies to the On Tnesday, Lientenant-

Moscow renews offer -The Soviet Union meanwhile He did not know how long the renewed its offer to end arms shipments to the Kabul govern-

rebels. Foreign Ministry spokesman General Boris Gromov, comman- Vadim Perfilyev also reaffirmed, der of the Soviet armed forces in the Soviet commitment to pull Afghanistan, confirmed that the out the last of its troops by Feb. final convoys have been moving 15, if not earlier, and said Mosmany troops remained in Afgha- with the rebels.

Israelis expel 2 more from 'security zone'

RASHAYA, Lebanon (AP) -Israeli troops and allied militiamen expelled two Lebanese women from a strip they con-trol in South Lebanon Wednesday and placed four people under house arrest, police reported.

A police spokesman said the "deportees," Ital Naklour and Jamila Shouciry, were expelled from Deir Minns; a town in Israel's self-proclaimed 'security zone.' He said Saced Mansour,

ommander of the Israeli-backed South Lebanoa Army (SLA) militia in Deir Mimas, drove the two women to the Zommaraya crossing at the northeastern edge of the "security zone?" at 9 a.m. (0700 GMT). The twn crossed on foot to

the Bekaa Valley, said the The expulsion raised to 76

the overall number of "deportees" from the 10-to-16kilometre deep "security zone" this month.

Lebanon has protested past expulsions to the U.N. Security Council.

"We were informed that we should leave our village this morning and the order was signed by Land himself," said

The two were later transferred to a Lebanese army checkpoint at Kfar Mishki, four kilometres north of the "security zone," jointly patrolled by Israeli troops and SLA militiamen.

The police spokesman said Mansour also confined four people in Deir Mimas, three women and a man, to their homes, pending interrogation in connection with an abortive attempt to assassinate the militia's commander, Antoine Lahd, three months ago.

The police official identified the women to be interrogated as Nuhad Al Ghazzi, Georgette Morgos and Malakah Mansour. He said the man is Karim Bishara. - - . . .

Bishara, according to the pokesman, is a distant relative of Soha Bishara, the woman who shot and seriously wounded Lahd at his home in the border town of Marjayoun

The Lebanese National Resistance Front claimed responsibility for the attempt on

Lahd was released from hospital in north Israel Jan 3 He returned to the "security zone" Jan. 22.

. Koran

Children programme

Religious programme
Religious seminar
Sports programme
The world around us

News summary in Arabic

Local programs

Local programme
Local programme
We significantly in Arabic
Programme (count.)

JORDAN TELEVISION Tel: 773111-19

Programme review 17:30 News for the deal . Local programme . "Alph" Health programme
Programme review
News in Arabic 19:15 ... Local series Programme review
Programme on Islamic art

... News summary in Arabic Film (contd.) PROGRAMME TWO La Baby Sitter . A variety programme News in French La vie en Panne Varieties News in Arabic Bill Cosby Shay auly and the Beast
... News in English
.... Feature film

..... Arabic film

CHURCHES

Assemblies of God Church, Tel

St. Joseph Church Tel. 624590. Church of the Annunciation Tel. De la Salle Church Tel. 661757 Terrasanta Church Tel: 622366 Church of the Annanciation Tel Anglican Church Tel. 625383, Tel. 628543. Armenian Catholic Church Tel 771331. Armenian Orthodox Church Tel. Syrian Orthodox Church Tel. 771751. Amman International Church Tel. 685326. Evangelical Latheran Church Tel: 811295. Rainbow Congregation Tel. 822605. The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Saints Tel. 815817, 821264

WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Department of Mateuralogy

It will continue partly cloudy to cloudy with scattered showers at times. Winds will be northwesterly moderate. In Aqaba, it will be partly cloudy with a chance for scattered showers. Winds will be northerly moderate and seas

Min/max. temp

Yesterday's high temperatures: Am-man 10. Aqaba 17. Humidity readings: Ariman 61 per cent, Aqaba 28 per

USEFUL TELEPHONE

HOMBERS	
NIGHT DUTY	
AMMAN: Dr. Tawliq Qab'in	776 . (- 619 783 370 236 367
Yacouh pharmacy 6 Shmeisani pharmacy 6	376
IRBID: Dr. Lawrence Badr	. (-

Khalifeh pharmacy **EMERGENCIES** 630341 Highway Police Traffic Police

..... 656000 / 685111

Public Security Department

Water and Sewerage

DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR Telephone Information (directory assistance) lordan Electricity Authority ... 815615 Electric Power Company 636381 RJ Flight Information 08-53200 Queen Alia Intl. Airport. 08-52000

HOSPITALS
AMMAN:
Hussein Medical Centre 813813/32
Khalidi Maternity. J. Amn 644281/6
Akileh Maternity, J. Amn 642441/2
Jabal Amman Maternity 642362
Malhas, J. Amman 636140
Palestine, Shmeisani 664171/4
Shmeisani Hospital 669131
University Hospital 845845
Al-Muasher Hospital 667227/9
The Islamic, Abdali 666127/37
Al-Ahli, Abdali 664164/6
Ittalian, Al-Muhajreen 777101/3
Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafieh 775111/26
Army, Marka 891611/15
Queen Alia Hospital 602240/50
Amel Univited CTUE
Amal Hospital 674155
ZARQA:
Zarqa Govt. Hospital (09)983323
Zarga National Hospital (09)991071
Zarqa Govt. Hospital (09)983323 Zarqa National Hospital (09)991071 Ibn Sina Hospital (09)986732
IRBID:
Princess Basma Hospital (02)275555

Greek Catholic Hospital (02)272275 Ibn Al Nafees Hospital..... (02)247100 AQABA: Princess Haya Hospital (03)314111 MARKET PRICES

760 / 700 210 / 160 600 / 500 280 / 200 190 / 120 250 / 200 Lemon Lemus (per one) Marrow (large) Marrow (small) 120 / 100 380 / 320 500 / 400 350 / 300 260 / 200 Orange (Shammouti) Onion (green) ... Pepper (hot) Pepper (sweet) ...

FOR THE TRAVELLER **QUEE ALIA** INTERNATIONAL

AIRPORT

Jordanian (RJ) information depart-ment at the Queen Alia International Airport Tel. (08)532200-5, where it should always be verified.

Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights

. Damascus (RI) Jeddah (RI) Dubai, Abu Dhabi (RJ) 10:00 10:00 10:00 17:30 Larmaca, Athens [RJ]

Other Flights (Terminal 2)

	• .
12:10	Kuwait (TU)
13:30	Baghdad (IA)
(3:35	Muscal, Bahrain (GF)
13:45	
14:30	Dhahran (TK)
15-00	Riyadh (SV)
17:00	Bucharest (RO)
18-05	Cairo (MS)
12.35	Paris (AF)
10.25	Amsterdam, istanbul (KL)
12:12	Frankfurt (LH)
W-15	Zurich, Lamaca (SR)
14.75	London, Cairo (BA)

DEPARTURES Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal (1)

...... Larnaca. Athens (RJ) Paris (R.)
Frankfurt, London (R.I)
Baghdad (R.I)
Abu Dhahi, Kuwait (R.I)
Vicuna, Miami (R.I)
Jeddah (R.I) . Cairo (R.) Bahrain, Doha (RI)
Singapore, Kusia Limpur (RI)
Bangkok (RI)

	er Flights (Terminal (
06:20 13:10	Damascus, Frankfurt (L. Tunis (T
15:90	Bahrain (G
16:40	Ankara, Istanbui (T
20:05 01:30	Baghdad (A Baghdad (A Bana'a (L Baghdad (L

..... News in Prench News in Hebrew
News in Arabi And Street Mary 1 , All Williams

PROGRAMME TWO

FOR FRIDAY

JORDAN TELEVISION Tel: 773111-19

PRAYER TIMES

Jordan Valley Committee adopts recommendations to establish touristic sites

AMMAN (J.T.) - The Jordan Valley Committee Wednesday Valley Committee Wednesday adopted a series of recommendations amped at dealing with issues pertaining to the protection of the environment, and establishing townstic areas in the valley.

The meeting in which Her Majesty Gneen Noor participated, was held at Wadi Ai Arab Damistic.

Participants proposed solutions to several problems such as pest country treatment of natural ferti-

lisers and plastic waste, as well as establishing national parks and health facilities for picnickers and meaning labour. - The committee also agreed to

esentiana gation k There w unately a me mean niced Society

lenied [

Soviets :

ched ca

n means

United &

so reafig. Y

1000s bri.

ınd said"

ter trzir

an abort

r, Astr.

ial deal

interre

dakeh k

man is las

ths #89

adopl a recommendation to establish a general health safety committee for the Jordan Valley. which would undertake the re-sponsibility of co-ordination between the different concerned ministries.
The proposed committee

would identify problems, study possible solutions and suggest executive measures which could be implemented by the private and public sector. The committee would also work on creating awareness among the public on the actual nature of the problems facing the valley.

The meeting was attended by the ministers of Municipal and Rural Affairs and the Environment. Water and Irrigation. Pnblic Works and Housing and



H.M. Queen Noor

Earlie, Her Majesty inspected and planted trees at the national park established by Jordan Valley Authority (JVA) on the banks of Wadi Al Arab Dam. The project is part of a greater development plan drawn out by the Jordan Valley Committee for the area.

The Jordan Valley Committee was formed on Jan. 1, 1988. upon the initiative of Queen Noor and comprises of a number of private and public members. · Also present at Wadi Al Arah meeting were the governors of Balqa and Irbid, mayors and dis-

trict governors of Deir Alla. South and North Shouneh, as well as the secretaries general of JVA, public works and tourism and members of the private

NATIONAL NEWS IN BRIEF

LAWZI MEETS ARAB YOUTH: Upper House of Parliament Speaker Ahmad Lawzi Wednesday met with members of the Arab Youth Forum: He reviewed Jordan's history since its establishment in 1921 and said that Jordan, under the Hashemite leadership, made strenuous efforts to unify Arab ranks. Lawzi also referred to the Palestinian people's uprising and the Israeli occupation authorities' violations of human rights. A number of senior officials attended the meeting. (Petra)

DAJANI VISITS AMMAN GOVERNORATE: Interior Minister Rajai Dajam Wednesday visited the Amman Governorate and discussed with Governor Mohammad Ali Al Amin administrative matters-related to the services given to citizens. Dajani was also briefed with the computer department. (Petra)

MAJALI BECOMES COURT ADVISOR: The council of ministers Wednesday decided to second Nasouh Al Majali, the adviser at the prime ministry, to the post of information advisor at the Royal Hashemite Court. (Petra)

LECLERCO VISITS UNIVERSITY OF JORDAN: French Ambassador in Amman Patrick Leclercq Wednesday visited the University of Jordan and met with a number of students. He praised the relations between the Jordanian and French peoples and explained France's positions-toward the current events in the region. (Perra)

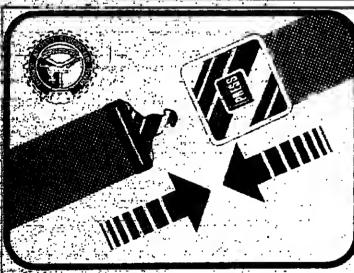
Sinai governor briefed on Agaba development

AQABA (Petra) - Governor of southern Sinar Mohammad Noureddin Afifi. who arrived here-Tuesday on a visit, met-Wednesday with Agaba Region Authority (ARA) President Bassam Qaqish and heard a briefing on development projects in the

the frontiers.

Afifi is accompanied by an Egyptian folk group which will present performances in Aqaba and will tour archaeological sites at the ancient Nabatean city of

Agaba region. The group will also present Afifi toured military positions, another performance at Mu'ta The group will also present in southern Jordan and was ac- University near Karak and will quainted with the situation along - tour the Karak region.



RAC launches campaign for use of seatbelts

AMMAN (J.T.) — In conjunction with the newly reintroduced scathell legislation for cars, the Royal Automobile Club (RAC) has been publicising the benefits of using seathelts for the past several ribs. Among activities that have been carried out are the erection of large road-side signs on all main highways, the distribution of over 25,000 coloured leaflets and the recent distribution of dashboard and windscreen plastic stickers which remoid drivers and front seat passengers to use their seatbelts. It is worth noting that the Royal Automobile Club of Jordan was instrumental in beloing to formulate the original seatbelt regula-

WHAT'S GOING ON

The following tistings are compiled from monthly bulleons and the daily Arabic press. Readers are advised to verify the listed time and place with the concerned institutions.

EXHIBITIONS * The Jordanian Plastic Art season which includes a general exhibition of works by Jordanian artists at the Professional Association Complex in Irbid.

A feature film entitled "On Golden Pond" at the American

Centre -- 7:00 p.m.

A festival of rock music by the Sun Rhythme Section at the

Palace of Culture of Al Hassein Youth City (Friday) - 7:00 p.m.

Crown Prince invited to take part in meeting of Islamic intellectuals

AMMAN (Petra) — His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan Wednesday received an invitation to take part in the first meeting by a group of intellectuals from South East Asia to be held in Malaysia to discuss issues of concern to the Islamic World.

The invitation was conveyed to the Crown Prince at a meeting in his office with visiting Malaysian Army Chief of Staff Tan Sri Hashem. Prince Hassan paid tribute to the strong relations between Jordan and Malaysia and

called for further cooperation between nations in

South East Asia and Arab countries in economic,

developmental and technological fields. Prince Hassan referred with satisfaction to experience and expertise gained by Jordan and Malaysia in the field of long-term development

planning.
The Malaysian guest voiced his admiration of Jordan's achievements and the high standards o its armed forces.



His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan

2 more AIDS cases discovered

By Abdullah Nsour Al Ra'i Staff Reporter

AMMAN — Two more Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome (AtDS) cases have heen discovered in Jordan, raising to 22 the total number of patients suffering from the dangerous disease in the

A Health Ministry official said that one of the newly discovered patients contracted the disease through blood transfusion while the other was infected after receiving blood products while undergoing treatment ahroad.

dan, according to the spokesman. The last time the Ministry of Health announced the discovery of AIDS cases was last month when it was known that three

tients died of the disease in Jor-

patients were added to the list. Of the three patients, two had contracted AIDS through blood transfusion, and blood products, while one was infected through sexual contact, all prior to 1986.

According to the spokesman the Ministry of Health has been launching campaigns to spread awareness among the public against the disease and ways to So far only three AIDS pa- protect themselves from infec-

tn 1987 the ministry announced the formation of a national committee charged with taking preventive measures to stem the spread of the killer disease hy providing information to the public and by introducing measures at hospitals and blood banks.

The Health Ministry screens all amounts of donated hlood, does not as a rule import blood or blood products without the proper certificate that they are AIDSfree and conducts additional tests on any amounts of imported blood in a bid to stem the spread

Jordan, Palestine discuss flow of agricultural goods from West Bank

AMMAN (Petra, J.T.) — Means of facilitating the flow of agricultural products from the occupied West Bank to Arab countrics through Jordanian territory was discussed Wednesday by Minister of Industry and Trade Hamdi Tabhaa and the director nf the economic and planning department at the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO), Abdul Razzak Al Yahya.

The two officials discussed cooperation in this matter to facilitate the passage of these products particularly citrus fruit, olive oil and olives.

Jordan has since 1967 granted the Palestinian fruit and vegetable growers facilities to market their products in Jordan and the other Arab states.

Also Wednesday, Tabbaa met Tunisian Ambassador to Jordan Mohammad Munji Lahbib to re-

announced the formation of a

special committee comprising

representatives of a number of

departments, to conduct an initial

study on the prospect of linking Jordan with Iraq by a railway

The announcement said that

the committee comprises repre-

sentatives from the Ministries of

Defence, Transport and Tele-

Government discusses

Jordan-Iraq railway line

AMMAN (Petra, J.T.) — The the Agaba Railway Corporation. The aim of the project, the

countries.

view Jordanian-Tunisian economic cooperation and trade links.

They also discussed arrangements for convening the joint Jordanian Tunisian economic committee in Amman in the first half of 1989 under the co-chairmanship of ministers of industry and trade from both countries. matters related to organising Jordan's industrial fair in Tunis in May 1989 and a Tunisian industrial fair in Amman in April.

According to an earlier statement, the Jordanian fair in Tunis will be allowed to sell \$2.5 million worth of products directly to the public, and Tunisia will be treated on equal footing during the Tunisian industrial fair in April.

The announcement about the industrial fairs were made during a visit here by a Tunisian delegation last month.

Tabbaa also had a meeting

announcement said, is to boost

Jordanian-Iraqi transport and

communication links and to con-

tribute to the on-going process of

integration between the two

Ministry of Transport said that a

committee has been set up to

study and propose measures to

promote the operations of the

In another announcement, the

at the meeting.

The prospect of launching Jordanian-Qatari ventures, exports of Jordanian agricultural and industrial products to Qatar and attracting Qatari tourists to Jordan in the summer, were among the other topics discussed

here Wednesday with Qatari

Ambassador Mubarak Nasser

Ouwwari to discuss means of

encouraging Qatari businessmen

and companies to invest in

Joint company to set up detergent plant in Iraq

AMMAN (Petra, J.T.) — The Iraq-Jordan Industry Company (LJIC) has taken steps to set up a detergent plant in Baghdad which will produce nearly 60,000 tonnes of detergent products annually, according to an announcement by the Ministry of Industry and Trade's Secretary General Mohammad Saggaf.

Saggaf said that the project, which will be carried out with an initial capital of eight million 1raqi dinars, will be the first enterprise hy the joint company which plans to carry out other projects in Iraq and Jordan.

The IJtC will own 40 per cent of the company shares and will offer 30 per cent of the total shares for sale to the public in Iraq and Jordan, Saqqaf said. He urged Jordanian citizens

and organisations to buy the company shares which he expected to vield no less than 15 per cent dividends annually. The UtC has now announced a

tender for the construction of the plant, and consultancy firms have started studying the tenders and submitting bids, according to Saqqaf. He expected work on the plant to start in the coming month.

Once the plant has become marketed partly in traq and parthy companies operating in the Arab region, Saqqaf noted.

He said that the plant will enjoy certain privileges which include exemptions of tax on its profits for six years and the equipment and machinery will be exempted from customs dury.

In addition, primary materials used in the manufacture of the detergents and the finished products will also be exempted from

any duty when marketed in Jor- exchanges to \$800 million and to dan and Iraq, Saqqaf pointed out. expand bilateral cooperation in

for the plant to Iraqi and Jordanian producers.

According to Saqqaf, Feb. 16 has been fixed as a deadline for the sale of all the company shares.

He also announced that the IJIC is now studying setting up plants in Jordan for timber processing and producing packaging materials. The study is expected to be completed during the first operational, products will be half of 1989 after which steps will be taken for the implementation of the project, Saqqaf added.

The Baghdad-based IJtC was established in 1985 with a capital of 20 million Iraqi dinars. In December 1988, Jordan and

traq agreed to step up economic and technical cooperation and to take further steps to achieve eco-

nomic and industrial integration. Under an agreement signed in Baghdad, the two countries decided to increase their 1989 trade Saqqaf said that the company energy, industry and mineral exwill give priority in the purchase ploration.

Permanent exhibition to open at Sahab

AMMAN (J.T.) — A permanent exhibition of Jordanian industries is due to open at the Sahah Industrial City (SIC) in the first half of February; and increasing numbers of industrial concerns and other businesses are applying to the Jordan Industrial Estates Corporation (JIEC) for pavilions at the site, according to a statement Wednesday.

The statement issued by the JIEC which is organising the exhibition said that the site can accommodate pavilions for 350 companies wishing to display their products for the public to encourage the sale of national products.

JIEC Director General Fayez Suheimat had said that the SIC now bouses 140 industries with an overall capital of JD 67 million, providing jobs for 4,000 people. Factories set up at Sahab,

Suheimat pointed out, are for food, electrical appliances, plastic, leather and rubber products. chemical and textile industries, Al Farhan delivered a speech at panies and institutions.

furniture, paper and medicine

among others. In his statement last month Suheimat said that in 1988 SIC witnessed the start of 57 industries against six in 1982 which encouraged the JIEC to embark on implementing the second phase of the SIC project.

Suheimat also announced that the JIEC plans to establish industrial cities in Salt, Karak and Tafileh in view of the increased demand on industries in the Kingdom.

SSC opens new branch at Sahab

Meanwhile, the Social Security Corporation (SSC) Wednesday opened a new branch at the SIC at a ceremony attended by Minister of Labour Marwan Dudin, officials and leading businessmen.

the ceremony pointing out that the branch was needed to facilitate services to the public and in particular the various businesses at the SIC.

The SSC provides services to all those covered by its law and beneficiaries normally include employees and workers at the various industrial concerns and

The SSC, according to Farium, opened branches in other parts of Amman, Zarqa, Karak, Salt, Mafraq and Tafileh in the past two years and other branches in Irbid and Agaba sometime ear-

Farhan said that the SSC now covers nearly half a million workers employed by public and private companies and institutions working for 6,000 organisations and companies in the Kingdom.

The new branch in SIC, he aid, will provide services to SSC Director General Mahdi 50,000 workers in 1,100 com-

Jordan reaches advanced stage in solving infertility cases — Bataineh

By Suhair Obeidat Jordan Times Staff Reporter

have made major strides in mastering the art of in vitro fertilisation and are ready to offer their services in solving infertility cases in the Kingdom on parity with developed countries in this particular field of medicine, according to the head of the King Hussein Medical Centre.

"Though it is a fairly new field, the Royal Medical Services (RMS) felt the need to introduce the in vitro fertilisation method (the process of test tube babies) to its beneficiaries with infertility problems," Dr. Aref Bataineh said at a press conference Wednesday.

Bataineh said although the Jordanian population growth rate was one of the highest in the world (3.6 per cent), infertility probelms were still a major social problem. "We try to help these families in overcoming their problems since they cannot have babies," Bataineh said.

"Before we started this project in 1987, many people with infernlity problems went abroad to receive medication, either at their expense or the government's, which burdened the citizens and the treasury with huge amounts of money. So we thought about creating a special unit to deal with such cases," he added.

He said extensive communication had been carried out with the Howard and Georgeanna Jones Institute for Reproductive Medicine which is affiliated with Eastern Virginia Medical School. The institute was the first to be established in the United States for this purpose and is considered the central scientific and training centre for other similar clinics, according to Bataineh.

In 1987, the RMS signed an agreement with this centre to train the required staff. A representative of the U.S. centre came to Jordan to select a seven-person team. The team consisted of three doctors, two hiologists, a biochemist and an operating room nurse, who were trained for The RMS funded the JD

350,000 project which took off in 1988, extending free services to its beneficiaries and those covered by the civil and military health insurance schemes. For other citizens, the cost amounts to only JD 450 for the first attempt and is reduced each time the process is repeated. In other world centres the cost is no less than \$10,000, Bataineh said.

Bataineh said that out of the 79 riosis (presence of endometrial Bataineh said. Adding that in cases bandled at the RMS centre, tissue outside the uterine cavity) their practice, doctors adhere to 13 completed their pregnancy, in addition to imunological fac- what the Sharia allows. ven of them are on-going pre- tors. On the male side, the unit Bataineh stressed that gnancies and six had aborted - a rate, he believes, compares favourably with success rates in centres around the world, which

The special unit at the RMS treats cases of infertility caused by, on female side, tuhal diseases, anovulation and endomet-

reach 30 per cent.

deals with cases of oligosperima cess of such a process drew heaviplained infertility.

not prohibit treatment in that manner since it (in vitro fertilisasperms be the husband and wife,"

(low count of sperms) and unex- ly on team work among qualified. trained and specialised techni-"The country's legislation did cians. He added that future projects at the centre include fertilisation inside the body rather tion) does not contradict Islamic than in special incubators so that Law which makes it a condition the fetus may grow in its natural that the source of the egg and the environment as in normal pregnancy cases.



AMMAN (J.T.) — The Noor Al Hussein Foundation's (NHF) National Music Conservatory (NMC) will on Friday present a festival of rock music performed by the "Sun Rhythm Section."

The festival, which has been organised in cooperation with the American Centre, will be held under the patronage of His Royal Highness Prince Faisal Ibn Al Hussein and Her Royal Highness Princess Alia Al Faisal.

Proceeds of the festival which will be held at the Palace of Culture of Al Hussein Youth City and a similar one on the following day to be held at Yarmouk University -- will benefit the NMC's scholarship fund. The Sun Rhythm Section con-

sists of six musicians who, m the early 1950s originated "rock-abilly" music and worked with such artists as Jerry Lee Lewis, Carl Perkins, Roy Orbison, Warren Smith and other great musicians.

musicians from Jordan, the United States, Austria and Spain among other countries.

The NMC was inaugurated in October 1986 by Her Majesty Queen Noor, who is particularly interested in the development of a national music programme in Jordan.

The conservatory started with a modest violin programme attended by 45 students aged 6-16, and now, in its third year. offers instruction to 162 students by 21 teachers in string, brass and woodwinds instruments, in addition to the instruments of Arabic music, which was introduced this year, as well as music theory and appreciation.

The conservatory organised training courses for school teachers in the utilisation of music in enhancing the teaching

It also organised a music sum-Last year, the NMC presented mer camp attenda number of concerts given by dren aged 3-16. mer camp attended by 125 chil-



Jordan Times

يورين تايمز يومية عربية سياسية مستقلة نصير بالإنجليزية عن المؤسسة الصحفية الإربنية

Editorial Director: RAKAN AL MAJALI Director General: DR. RADI AL WAQFI Editor-in-Chief: DR. WALEED M. SADI

Editorial and advertising offices: Jordan Press Foundation. University Road, P.O. Box 6710, Amman, Jordan.

Telephones: 667171-6, 670141-4, 684311, 684366 Telex: 21497 ALRAI JO

Facsimile: 661242

The Jordan Times is published daily except Fridays. Subscription and advertising rates are available from the Jordan Times Advertising Department.

Where are the Soviets?

THERE is something notably missing in the flurry of political movement in the Arab-Israeli conflict. Several foreign high-level dignitaries have visited the Middle East region and left their foot prints on the path that may lead to the much talked about international peace conference. The region has yet to receive a very high Soviet official on par with the level of Western representation that the countries of the Middle East have gotten used to of late. That is why all the eyes are focusing on the projected visit to the area by Soviet Foreign Minister Eduard Shevardnadze in spring. Needless to say the roads that may lead to the international peace conference cannot be enough without the one that originates in Moscow.

Until the Soviet role in the Middle East equation becomes clearer and firmer, there would remain a lot to talk about before the parties to the Arab-Israeli conflict reach their common destiny. It is interesting, if not perplexing, to watch the Soviet Union maintain such an intriguing low profile in the on-going events in the Middle East. The Soviet silence is so remarkable that it may suggest that, according to the Soviet timetable, time is not yet ripe for the final touches to be put on the idea of holding the Middle East conference. Moscow must still be waiting for some additional developments that would warrant its intervention. Can it be that the policy-makers in the Soviet Union believe that the Middle Eastern pot still needs some more ingredients before it becomes ready for consumption? This and other questions on the minds of the parties to the Arab-Israeli conflict cannot be answered until the Soviet Union begins to move and flex its political muscles in the region. The final touches to the preparatory work that is being done nowadays to convene the anticipated international conference, therefore, cannot be had till the Soviet foreign minister makes his overdue pilgrimage to the region. For as long as the Soviet player continues to stay away from the field, the ball game will neither start nor end. But Soviet aloofness, so far, is characteristic of Soviet patience. Whereas the parties to the Arab-Israeli conflict are understandably impatient to get things moving, there is some solace in the Soviet patience in that when it ends things in the region might really get rolling

JORDAN PRESS EDITORIALS

Al Ra'i daily newspaper Wednesday launched an attack on Israel's media which it described as an ostrich trying to hide Israeli leaders' aggressive policies through propaganda campaigns against others. The paper said that the Israeli media had earlier tried to put about hostile rumours against the Jordanian economy, and failed; and is now trying the same game again in response to Jordanian media's exposure of Israel's deteriorating economy. There is no doubt that this attitude on the part of the Israeli media which reflects official government policies stems from a frustration and failure on the domestic front due to a weak economy and the on-going uprising in Palestine which the Israelis have proved unable to put down, the paper noted. Instead of dealing with the root causes of this difficult internal situation which resulted from confrontation with the Palestinians, continued armament and continued settlement-building, the Israelis are again trying to play the same old game, hoping to divert public attention from the difficult situation on the domestic front, the paper pointed out. It said that unlike Israel, Jordan is now enjoying a rejuvinated economy despite the past difficulties, and is building a peace economy not a war economy which normally involves heavy burdens and entails many hardships. The media campaigns which are full of falsehoods in Israel and the Israeli government's desperate moves, the paper concluded, can never help to solve the Jewish state's problems.

The editor of Al Ra'i daily tackles the attitude of the United States with regard to the PLO and the Palestine issue. Rakan Majali says that the PLO has offered all that it can for the sake of attaining a peaceful settlement and, therefore, there is no more chance for more compromise no matter what manoeuvres are being employed by the United States and regardless of the different forms of blackmail being exercised by Washington on the organisation. The PLO has won world-wide support for its new policies, and for its latest declaration in which it gave recognition to U.N. Security Council resolutions 242 and 338, the writer adds. In any negotiations, both parties normally submit their views with the most extreme demands which can be softened down during the talks, the writer points out. He says that the PLO has already reached the minimum demand after offering many compromise to the Americans and the Israelis for the sake of reaching a lasting settlement. What the Palestinians want, be concludes, is an independent state and the implementation of resolutions that can ensure a withdrawal of Israeli forces from all

Al Dustour daily newspaper said that Israel seems nnahle to rid itself of the old policies which tend to hind the hands of its leaders. The Israelis continue to maintain an iron fist policy and atrocities in the occupied Arah territories, while the Palestinian uprising is being escalated one day after another, the paper noted. It said that the leaders of the Israeli government continue to show the world their obstinacy and their intransigence while deep down they feel really frustrated over their failure to quell the uprising and to improve the internal situation in Israel. Furthermore, the paper said, the Israelis are in deep disarray due to disputes among their leaders and due to a total isolation from the rest of the world. It added that these attitudes and positions can be clearly discerned from the various, and sometimes, conflicting statements by Zionist leaders and government members in Israel.

Sawt Al Shaab daily for its part takes up the question of bolstering inter-Arab solidarity and King Hussein's role in achieving that goal. The paper refers to the King's telephone conversation with Syrian President Hafez Al Assad on Tuesday as part of the King's endeavours in this connection. The Arah masses are optimistic over continued consultations and coordination of policies among Arab heads of state since they view this practice as leading towards joint action that can be of benefit to the whole Arab Nation, the paper noted. The paper said that such contacts should essentially lead to an Arah summit meeting where all the heads of state can deal with common issues.

Morals, ethics propel Nordic role

By P.V. Vivekanand

IT IS refreshing to see the Nordic countries taking more than a casual interest in efforts for peace in the Middle East in the wake of the emergence of the new moderate Palestinian position. Even the Netherlands, a traditionally staunch supporter of Israel, has upgraded its contacts with the PLO and conservative Denmark has invited PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat for an official visit. The Hague also hosted a peace seminar bringing together PLO officials and Israeli peace activists and let its foreign minister address the gathering. It is well known now that Swedish leaders were involved in an eight-month long effort in finding some common ground between the PLO and the United States as a prelude to formal contacts between the two sides. Finland invited Arafat and upgraded the PLO mission in Helsinki. Norway sent its foreign minister to Tunis to meet the PLO chairman and promised to do all it could to advance the search for Middle East

From a general point of view, the Nordic involvement adds weight to the role the European Economic Community (EEC) seeks to play in the peace process. But a marked difference lies in the fundamentals that guide the policies that the Nordic states and the rest of the Western Europeans follow in the Middle East. While, for the most part, the EEC policy in the Middle East derives from political and economic considerations, the Scandinavians hase their moves on more moralistic and ethical grounds rather than geophysical imperatives. That would perhaps explain the often love-hate relationship between the Nordic countries with the exception until now of the Netherlands - and Israel. The Nordic states are fully committed to the secure existence of Israel hut this does not mean they condone everything that the Zionist state does on the pretext of "security."

In the words of Dntch Foreign Minister Hans van den Broek, "we are very much behind Israel... We are not prepared to give in one millimetre as far as the secure existence of Israel is concerned... but there is another side to the medal, the Palestinian right to self-determination. These two elements have to be reconciled." One would wish these words were said much earlier, but then let's not overlook that the ground was not exactly set for such a development.

At the same time, it is not clear yet whether the EEC or the Nordics are solid on the idea of an independent Palestinian state, an inevitable element in a comprehensive settlement to the Arab-Israeli conflict. But then, the Dutch or Danes need no reminder how it feels like to be under the yoke of foreign military occupation, denied all forms of self-expression and subjected to all kinds of degrading treatment at the hands of the occupying power. They should be the first to come forth and uphold the

principle of the right of all people to statehood and freedom.

The question that comes up now is: Do the Nordic countries have the political clout to pressure Israel into steering its course into moderate grounds and accepting that it cannot hope for its own "security" as long as the Palestinians are not granted their legitimate rights, including the right to self-determination?

Given the personal animosity between the Nordic people and some of today's Israeli leaders — Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir included - it is difficult to see official Nordic-Israeli interaction at this point in time. For instance, how can one expect the prime minister of Sweden to sit down and talk husiness with Shamir, whose hands are stained with the blood of Swedish mediator Count Folke Bernadotte? Let's not overlook the fact that for a long time Swedish diplomats in Israel stayed away from attending

all formal functions featuring Shamir, as recently as the formal assumption of office hy the former leader of the terrorist Stern gang. For that matter, can Norway forget its Major Karl van Horn who was the target of a very convenient accident when he was about to expose Zionist sleight and blackmail and extortion of United Nations officials? Or that Oslo is getting nowhere with its probe into the whereabouts of the heavy water ir supplied to

Perhaps, the key lies in contacts between the centre-of-the-road parties and leftist groups in Israel and their counterparts in the Nordic states. The weight of the Nordic parties thrown behind peace-seeking elements in Israel will indeed have a major impact on the domestic Israeli political scene, particularly in light of the known Nordic stand on the security and stability of the Zionist state. The Nordics are in a better position to address Israeli public opinion and instil the realisation that today's leadership in Israel could only lead the country to further instability and insecurity by hanging on to the time-rejected concept that military might is the answer to everything.

A definite trend along these lines already appears to have taken shape at the peace seminar hosted at the Hague this week. The central theme of the message that van den Broek delivered at the forum was simple: It's high time Israelis and Palestinians got together and come up with a just and comprehensive formula that satisfies the aspirations and interests of both people and based on co-existence and security and stability for all. The PLO has already accepted this principle, but did the message manage to penetrate the deaf ears of the Israeli leaders? Or, will it ever?

The writer is the political editor of the Jordan Times



Malta's identity crisis

By Barry Moody

VALLETTA — Malta is performing a delicate balancing act between its commitment to a relations with Libya is based not European identity and the constraints of its geographic position only 200 miles from African

to distance itself from the pro-Libyan image of the Labour Party which ruled Malta for 16 years until 1987 and whose policies sometimes burt relations with the United States.

But at the same time as emphsising a European identity — it plans to apply for membership of the European Community (EC) the small island nation has made clear that it will not give up its commercial ties to Libya, one of the few countries with which it has a favourable trade balance.

Fenech Adami told Reuters in an interview that the previous government was seen as subservient to Libya while his administration wanted a correct relationship. "Any undue Libyan influence is non-existent in Malta." be said.

But be said it would be "stupid" for Malta to deny its Mediterranean position or its proximity to Libya and the rest of North Africa.

Our foreign policy is extremely clear. Malta is Western oriented, Malta is a democracy... that is no reason why we should not also have a good working relationship with all neighbouring countries," he said.

Diplomats in Valletta say Fenech Adami's efforts to reestablish Malta's pro-Western credentials have involved delicate diplomacy, especially at the time of the shooting down of two Libyan MiGs by U.S. navy fighters earlier this month, which caused deep concern here.

"This government believes policy of intimidation of Libya is counterproductive. It thinks if Libya is cornered it become more dangerous," one Western diplomat said.

'Malta does not believe in this kind of action hut does not want to say so strongly for fear of ruining its new pro-Western image and the way it has distanced itself from Libya. It cannot send the wrong signals and waste 18 months' work," the diptomat

In an address to diplomats earlier this month Fenech Adami was typically careful to display an even-handed stance.

In a clear reference to the shooting down of the MiGs and U.S. allegations that Libya is building a chemical warfare plant, the prime minister said Malta strongly opposed threats or use of force to resolve conflicts.

But he added: "We do not easily accept as true, accusations levelled by one country against ern countries to Maltese requests another. Nevertheless we understand and share the defences.

apprehensiveness of any country when it knows about or even suspects the existence of sources of danger, especially nearby." Malta's need to maintain good

only on geographic but also on More than 500 Maltese work in Libya while Libyan companies

The 20-month-old government are big employers in Malta itself. of Ptime Minister Edward Up to 10 per cent of the island's Fenech Adami has moved quickly work force is estimated to be employed by Libya. Seventy per cent of Malta's

trade is with the EC but imports far outweigh exports. In contrast, there is a healthy surplus with Tripoli.

Western diplomats acknowledge that Malta cannot turn completely westwards, ignoring its geographical location.

One said: "This government's relationship with Libya is an obligatory choice for geographical reasons... it is a natural arrangement."

The prime minister has complained at the slowness with which the West has reacted to his government's new policies.

As soon as it came to power, the new government told Libya that unlitary clauses of a 1984 agreement between the two coun-

tries were a dead letter. One such clause was invoked by then Prime Minister Carmelo Mifsud Bounici to warn Libya of an imminent U.S. air raid in 1986, further damaging already rocky relations with Washington.

Government officials say Malta could not revoke all the arrangements signed with Tripoli without undermining Valletta's international credibility.

This is one reason why it went ahead with a joint Maltese-Libyan radio station on the island. But when the Libvans began broadcasts last September with an attack on Egyptian President Hosni Muharak, Malta threatened in close down the station. It now insists on vetting Arabic broadcasts in advance.

Officials say the joint radio replaced plans for a wholly Libyan controlled station on Malta over which the government had

Malta's vulnerability to tension in the Mediterranean is greater because of its almost total lack of defences or surveillance of its coastline - a sharp contrast to the ancient fortresses all over the island built by the crusading knights of St. John who turned Malta into a bastion against the Ottoman Turks.

Fenech Adami says he intends to step up measures to guard against drug and other smuggling as well as security risks.

More than 700,000 tourists a year visit Maha, more than half of them British, and it is recognised that anti-hijacking measures must be strengthened. But officials say they are un-

happy with the reaction of Westfor help in improving the island's

Israeli army concedes defeat

By Joel Brinkley

OCCUPIED JEKUSALEM -After 408 days, 6,000 arrests, at least 361 deaths and many thousands of injuries, the Palestinian uprising still rumhles steadily along, harely deterred hy Israel's ever-changing tactics for suppressing it. But now for the first time, Israeli army officers as well as other leading officials are acknowledging with frustration and despair that nothing they can

do will end it. The army battled a record number of violent incidents in the West Bank and Gaza Strip in the month ending Jan. 9. The period saw 2,790 such clashes between Palestinians and soldiers, 60 per cent more than in the month before. The number of Palestinians killed was 26, a number equal to that recorded in the uprising's first violent days. The resistance has not flagged despite the recent Israeli decisions to use steel and rubber bullets that harm instead of merely sting, to in-crease the use of plastic bullets that can injure or kill, and to widen the judicial and monetary penalties against demonstrators.

the Israeli press

what the army did. The officers predicted with more than a little gloom that the army will be tighting the Palestinians this time next year, and perhaps the year after that, unless a political solution is found. Despite an improved en-vironment for negotiation — the Palestine Liberation Organisation has shown evidence of a conciliatory attitude - in Israel, movement toward peace still seems a long way off. And so the uprising rolls along.

"There's no question here of damaging the foundation," De-fence Minister Yitzhak Rabin told a parliament committee discussing the uprising. "If we arrest 4,000 people, we won't be rid of the problem because if there really is a command that you'll arrest. another will arise, and a third. This is a clash with a wide public.

The defence minister also admitted that two of Israel's weapons against Palestinians deportation of leaders and the demolition of homes — were no longer proving useful as deter-

Late last week, Deputy Chief of Staff Ehud Barak said, "We quoted army officers as saying of time, reduce the level of vioprivately that they could see no lence. But we shouldn't think in end to the violence, no matter terms of days, weeks, months."

General Barak, like others. PLO," he said. Until the new said the army would keep trying. "We're determined to fight as long as necessary," he said. The goal, he explained, was to reduce the violence "so that the Israeli government can pursue political initiatives from a position of strength on its own schedule."

The government's schedule is uncertain. But for the first time. some mainstream politicians are urging the government to talk to the PLO, a suggestion that no elected official: would have uttered in public just a few weeks ago. Yasser Arafat, the PLO leader, is saying openly for the first time that be wants to solve the Palestinian problem through negotiation. The United States has tentatively accepted his offer, as have virtually all the other nations of the world.

Last week, Ezer Weizman, a leftist leader of the Labour Party, asserted that Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir and Foreign Minister Moshe Arens, when faced with "facts and practicalities," there have been no attempted will realise that "the first ingre- actions against Israel by Arafat's dient for peace is a partner to talk arm of the organisation.

month Lauet was snable to nake ... foreign policy decisions because its four-year-old "national unity" coalition did not speak with one voice. The Labour and Likud parties each had equal hands in the decisions, and they tended to nullify each other. But now for the first time in ...

government was formed last

four years, the government is capable of making foreign policy: In foreign affairs, the voice of the government is that of Likud, the party of Shamir and Arens, With so many other pieces in place, the world is waiting for that voice to seein speak. Shamir says he is preparing a peace plan, but he won't say what it will include or exactly. when it will be presented. But during a tour of the Lebanese border, he gave a clear indication of his point of view.

In briefings, army-officers told :: him now quiet the PLO has been; ::. since November, they told him.

"The PLO is still the same terrorist organisation." Shamir They haven't cha we don't see any reason to change to "And the partner to talk to, our attitude toward them." whether you like it or not, is the The New York Times.

Thatcher and the 'sale' of 1992

British Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher has been widely assailed in Europe for her sharp criticism of the advocates of the Single European Market. Contrary to popular belief, however, Mrs. Thatcher is not against fusion of Britain with the rest of Europe. But she has convincing arguments about how it should be

By Adrian Holloway

LONDON - Come 1992, it will be party-time in Europe when the continent becomes one big market with 320 million consumers and few restrictions. But one of the principal guests just won't enter into the party spirit. British dialogue between workers, un-Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher has been hailed as the great

Euroskeptic. In 1985, the 12 members of the European Community voted to eliminate all trade, tariff and financial barriers within the community. A white paper followed, which all 12 governments voted into law.

The plans for 1992, championed hy Jacques Delors, the French president of the European Commission, have drawn some characteristically sharp words from Mrs. Thatcher. She hasopposed Britain and other community states embracing the European Monetary System's exchange rate mechanism, ohligatory alignment of European rates of value-added tax and the abolition of border posts, and derided the idea of a monetary union and a European central bank.

And why not? Mrs. Thatcher is not expected by the British people to behave in a fervently European way. Traditionally, Britain has taken pride in its status as an island and preferred to remain in "splendid isolation" while being wary of its continental neighbours. Britain's early difficulties in dealings with the EEC served only to augment British suspicion of things European.

Mrs. Thatcher's reputation as the spoiler reached new heights after her speech at a European gathering in Bruges, Belgium, last September. She poured scom on the political changes that would accompany the freeing of markets and promotion of enterprise in Europe. Mrs. Thatcher is all for freer markets and enterprise, but what really grates with her about 1992 are its socialist and collectivist overtones.

The outcome of 1992 will in-

deed have a "social dimension." Although market forces will be let loose as restrictions are removed. positive regional policies and new labour laws will accompany them. Centralised health, safety and holiday programmes for workers would characterise a progressive ions and employers.

Jacques Delors received something bordering on a hero's welcome when he addressed the British Trade Unions Conference in September. After nearly a decade of Thatcherite legislation aimed at weakening trade union powers. Delors' "social dimension" has provided fresh hope for Britain's beleaguered trade unions.

But, the prime minister won't have any of it. "We have not successfully rolled back the frontiers of the state in Britain," she said, "only to see them reimposed at a European level." The same goes for centralisation of political power in Brussels, headquarters of the community.

speech, claiming that it was not as negative about Britain's commither Bruges meeting Mrs. Thatch-The Enropean Democratic commonsense" not to totally

Group whose 63 MEPs from Bri- abolish border controls. others lack her boldness.

The EDG says that the Gerthought of leading the way themists note that the French, for ed, according to EDG sources, to than their fair share of trumpet-

So, the EDG says, Mrs. Thatcher is behaving in a very practical way. Some EC members will be relieved that the buhhle of optimism about 1992 was punc-

"We have not successfully rolled back the frontiers of the state in Britain, only to see them re-imposed at a European level "-Thatcher.

"It is ironic," Mrs. Thatcher added, "that just when those countries such as the Soviet Union, which have tried to run everything from the centre, are learning that success depends on dispensing power and decisions away from the centre, some in the community seem to want to move in the opposite direction."

The EMS exchange rate

mechanism, one of Mrs. Thatcher's main targets, would limit independent fiscal action by the British government. With the prospect of pound sterling tied to other European currencies, many in the City of London, the financial district, are concerned that the British pound will become overshadowed by the West German mark and the French franc.

nmark are also opposed to harmonisation of VAT duties, whilst the lifting of all restrictions upon labour mobility worries Germany, already struggling with prohlems over non-EC guest workers.

tured in Bruges. France and De-

Already, following a meeting of the EEC finance ministers on 12 December, the Common Market Commission's plan for homogeneous indirect tax rates throughout the community seems likely to be completely reviewed. Mrs. Thatcher, who has opposed such measures whilst others could up, may yet be viewed as the great Euro-Realist.

In response to those in the EC

Mrs. Thatchers's ruling party are States of Europe," along Amerat pains to point out the "posical lines, Mrs. Thatcher claims "care" tive" aspects of the Bruges that "Europe will be stronger precisely because it has France as France, Spain as Spain, Britain as - = = ment to Europe as her critics Britain, each with its own cushave inferred. For example, in toms, traditions and identity. It would be folly to try and fit them er laid emphasis on the fact that into some sort of identikit Euro-Britain's "destiny" lay in Europe pean personality." She further stated that it would be "plain stated that it would be "pla

tain, Denmark and Spain make up the third biggest group in the European Parliament, claims that the prime minister has been highlighted as the principal opponent is to take decisions on the next of the European Commission's steps forward rather than let legislation on 1992 only because ourselves be distracted by Utopian goals."

The European Commission has mans in particular, who have been accused of campaign-slogatheir own reservations about nising and unsubstantiated rhe-1992, cower away from the toric concerning 1992. Economselves. The Germans are delight- example, who have done more jet Mrs. Thatcher, who is uning about the European Single Market, still retain restrictions on capital movements.

pital movements.
European officials admit that some of the initial euphoria over a single market has abated. In Germany there are new fears. about lower standards of goods. and services after 1972, and weakening of German environ-

mental controls.

Although protectionism is supposed to become a thing of the past at the onset of the European Single Market, there is concern that when tariff barriers are lifted, other curbs may replaced them. This is what happened in 1968, when the community abo-lished internal tariffs to achieve customs union.

The most dangerous development for the rest of the world. would be a "Fortress Europe" which had higher tariffs as a single unit than its individual constituents did previously.

As 1992 approaches, it remains to be seen how many of the European Commission's propos als are implemented and what their effects will be. For the time being, Mrs. Thatcher is quite not summon the courage to speak prepared to be seen as the great spoilsport at European party stine, if her stand leads to what her she views as a better justification e In response to those in the EC for celebrating 1992. — who look forward to a "United Academic File"

tis politiques espagnols.

ce qu'il attendait plus précise-

ment de la Communauté, M.

Arafat s'est montré évasif.

rappelant simplement que

d'Europe a un grand poids dans

l'opinion publique mondiale».

Du côté communautaire égale-

ment, on semblait avare de préci-

sions à l'issue des entretiens.

«Cette rencontre a permis d'étu-

pourrait collaborer an processus

de paix», a affirmé M. Dumas.

Le ministre espagnol, M. Fer-

nandez Ordonez, s'est lui aussi

montré prudent, affirmant que

«la rencontre a démontré la

Horizon 2009:

La Jordanie, héritière d'un passé riche en séismes, va-t-elle se remettre à trembler? Les

experts s'accordent à pronosti-

quer un tremblement de terre d'ici 200g. Mais déjà, les ing-

énieurs ont des palpitations:

selon eux, beaucoup de con-structions ne répondent pas aux normes anti-sismiques.

Depuis le début du siècle.

pas moins de 1.006 secousses

de magnitudes diverses ont été

enregistrées dans le Sud du

pays et dans la valée du Jour-

dain. Cette dernière est consti-

tuée par la faille syro-afri-

caine, la plus profonde dépres-

sion du globe terrestre, qui

bouge de mémoire d'homme

depuis 2150 avant Jésus-Christ.

De cette date à 1837, on com-

pte 26 tremblements de terre,

espacés en moyenne de cent

cinquante trois ans. Le plus

violent d'entre eux détruisit en

700 avant J.C. la ville de

Plus récemment, une secous-

se de 6,1 sur l'échelle de Rich-

ter (qui va jusqu'à 9) tua 400

personnes en 1927 à Naplouse

et détruisit 10 à 15% des

maisons de la ville. C'est le

dernier séisme majeur observé

dans la région. Avant le

fait chemin vers le nord, lente-

ment mais sürement; une

étude magnétique conduite en

1980 montre que notre côté du

Jourdain a parcouru 107

Ouest... en quelques millions d'années. Le 18 octobre, 1987,

on enregistrait à Djébel Mabarak (région d'Akaba)

une secousse de 4,9 sur l'échel-

le de Richter: le plateau arabe

I du Sud de la péninsule à la Turquie, via la vallée du Jour-

dain) a décidément la

Selon le directeur de la

Société scientifique royale,

Faisal Suyagh, il faut s'atten-

dre à des tremblements de

terre de d'une amplitude de 6 à

kilomètre par rapport à la rive

Car le côté ouest de la faille

prochain.

tremblez, Jordaniens

7 tous les 82 ans. Depuis Na-

plouse 1927, faites le compie...

giue, la Jordanie est compara-

ble à la Californie", estime Kays Al Kaysi, du Départe-

ment de sismologie. Et d'un

Selon les experts. la con-

struction traditionnelle de

maison "en cube" offre une

bonne résistance aux séismes.

mais tout dépend de la qualité

du matériau et de du serieux de

la construction, "Il n'y a aucun

contrôle des matériaux em-

ployés derrière les pierres, pas

plus que des normes de con-

struction", déplore Daoud

Jabaji directeur du secteur

construction de la SSR.

Résultat: le support de béton,

au lieu de former une surface

pleine, est constitue de lignes.

mière secousse".

colonnes).

M. Jahaii.

qui se déscelleront a la pre-

En principe, des construc-tions bien faites en pierre et

béton arme, comme on en ren-

contre dans heaucoup de quar-

tiers d'Amman, devraient sup-

porter le choc. Surtout depuis

que la loi interdit de construire

des immeubles de plus de

quatre étages. A l'inverse, les

quartiers à forte population

seront les premiers a souffrir

d'un tremhlement de terre: im-

meubles hauts, rapprochés, et

de mauvaise facture (beton en

Depuis 1986, le code de la

construction oblige à ériger des

bâtiments selon les normes

anti-sismiques, "Mais un code

n'est pas une loi, et il dépend

des seuls constructeurs qu'il

soit applique ou non", souligne

Le problème est aussi écono-

mique: les gens qui font con-

struire des maisons voient d'ahord la dépense. Et en

l'absence d'une menace

évidente de tremblement de

terre, pourquoi se conformer

aux couteuses normes anti-sis-

miques? Réponse en 2009.

(F.D. d'après Ghadeer Taher

et Najwa Najjar).

point de vue construction?

"D'un point de vue géolo-

Sharon menace de mort Aratat

Le ministre israélien de l'indus trie, Ariel Sharon, a déclaré samedi à la radin israélienne qu'à son avis, "Arafat devrait être tué». Selon Sharon, il ne poutrait y avoir de paix au Proche-Orient tant qu'Arafat est vivant. Cette «peute phrase» de Sharon jette un pave dans la mare au moment où s'intensifie en Israel l'opposition à la politique gouver-nementale envers l'OLP

Husseini libéré

a

Until the

ic first in

foreign p

it of Libi

nd Area i

or that me.

ys he is pe

out he ran

ude or te

presental:

the Las

clearing-

: PLO bek

they the

rael by

still ler

ation, 1

1't Change

C3500 BC

rard then

along * - .

Thatcha L.

ill be SE.

h its one

and ideas

try and it:

identitit

She #

ould be ?

BOL IO B.

wants at

at a time.

g feet is

NOS OD BE

ather #

racted in

ostantiani 1992 Be

ave doe!

are of the

mopes !

in restrict

cials als

ndards of

gerous de si or de si

ontrok.

it has for

pain ber

usation

10 de ...

iew.

ces in plac-4)

Fayçal Husseini, considéré par Israël comme le numéro un de l'OLP dans les territoires occupés, a été libéré dimanche après six mois de détention administrative dans une prison au Sud de Tel-Aviv. Déjà emprisonné à de nombreuses reprises auparavant, il avait été placé en détention pour six mois le 31-juillet, pour avoir participé à une réunion du mouvement pacifiste israélien «la paix-maintenant au cours desonelle al avait publiquement soutenu l'appel de Bassam Abou Sharif, conseiller de Yasser Arafat, -a: la créatioo d'un Etat palestinien à côté d'Israel.

Hors-bord à Agaba

La première course internationale de bateaux hors-bords disputée en Jordanie s'est déroulée. vendredi dernier an large d'Agaba. La compétition a réuni onze bateaux de sept pays diffé-rents et s'est déroulée sur un parcours de 280 km aller-retour, passant par l'île du Pharaon (Egypte) ef on village cotter saondien. Air nombre des participarats, les princes. Abdallah et Fayçal Le prince Fayçal, le Koweitien Mashaal Jarallah et Nasser Saad, des Emirats, ont gagné chacun dans leur catégorie.

La «troika» à Amman

Les ministres espagnol, fran-çais, et grec des affaires. Etrangères, MM: Francisco Fer-nandez Ordonez: Roland Dumas et Karolos Papoulias, soot attendus le 11 février à Amman pour des entretiens avec les responsables jordaniens. Les trois mimstres se rendront les 11, 12 et 13 févriver en Jordanie, en Egypte et en Syrie dans le cadre de l'initiative de la Communauté européenne «pour la recherche d'une solution juste et permanente de la question palestinicune».

Centre culturel français en Galilée

Un centre culturel français a été onvert dimanche à Nazareth, destiné à la promotion de la langue française auprès des arabes israéliens, dont la majorité est concentrée en Galilée, dans le Nord du pays, Installé dans l'enceinte de l'hoital français de Nazareth, tenu par les soeurs de St Vincent de Paul, il fonctionnera avec trois animateurs français. Le CCF de Nazareth est le cinquième do genre en Israel, après ceux de Tel Aviv, Haifa, Beer Sheva et Jérusalem-ouest. Nazareth est, avec ses 60.000 frabitants dont près de la moitié sont chrétiens, la plus grunde ville arabe d'Israël.

Vous écrivez?

Le Jourdain recherche des collaborateurs en free-lance, avec idées origivales d'enquêtes et reportages. Con-tactes François Ducroux, Jordan

Le saviez-vous? Papier-journal

Israël est le plus gros consommateur de papier-journal au Proche-Orient, avec 68.000 tonnes englouties en 1987. Vient ensuite T'Arabie Saoudite (10,5 millions d'hab.): 25.000 tonnes. Koweit (1,8 millions d'hab.): 15.000 tonnes. Iran (43 millions d'hab.): 12.000 tonnes. Emirats (1,5 millions d'hab.): 9.100 tonnes. fordame (3 millions d'hab.):. 8.600 tonnes. Trak (15 millions d'hab.): 7.200 tonnes. Syrie (10 millions d'hab.): 4.100 tonnes. Liban (2,5 millions d'hab.): 2.600

canadienne du papier)

Arafat rencontre la "troika" à Madrid

CEE-OLP: coup d'envoi

Le rôle que peut jouer la Com- volonté de la Communauté de jouer un rôle actif au Prochemunauté dans la préparation d'une conférence internationale Orient", mais ajoutant aussitôt sur la paix an Proche-Orient a dominé les entretiens que M. Araqu' «il n'y a pas de médiation européene ni de plan européen. fat a eus à Madrid, le vendredi 27 simplement un effort européen janvier, avec les ministres des pour aider à la paix». Il s'est affaires étrangères d'Espagne, de félicité de la politique de modéra-France et de Grece. tion actuelle de l'OLP, dont M. Arafat a souligné qu'elle consti-Le chef de l'OLP, qui avait diné avec le président du tuait «une stratégie et non une

tacticque».

gouvernement, Felipe Gonzalez. Du côté communautaire, on affirman que M. Arafat n'avait a en outre été reçu par le roi Juan Carlos, et s'est entretenu avec les guère insisté pour que l'Europe responsables des principaux parreconnaisse des aujourd'hui l'Etat palestinien proclamé à Alger. Tant M. Dumas que M. Ordonez ont souligné qu'il n'exis-«L'Europe peut jouer un rôle fondamental, a affirmé M. Arafat à l'issue des entretiens. Pour des taitt pas d' «objection de prin-raisons géopolitiques: nous cipe» à une telle décision mais qu'elle supposail «plusieurs convivons autour d'une même mer. et aussi parce que l'Europe a une ditions juridiques prealables qui, grande responsabilité historique au Proche-Orient.» Interrogé sur aujord'hui, ne sont pas rem-

De source proche de la «troîka», on affirmait que M. Arafat avait avant tout demandé à la Communauté d'user de son influence anprès d'Israël et des Etats-Unis pour les amener à infléchir leur position. On ajoutait que M. Arafat avait fait preuve de beaucoup de réalisme dans son aproche du problème de dier de quelle façon l'Europe la conférence internationale de paix. Le chef de l'OLP a. en effet, reconnu qu'elle ne pouvait pas être convoquée d'emblée, et qu'il était nécessaire de mettre d'abord sur pied un «comité préparatoire».

Bons offices de la Ligue arabe à Tunis

Signes d'espoir au Liban

arabe sur la crise libanaise out commencé lundi à Tunis dans une atmosphère propre, au Liban, à éloigner le spectre de la partition.

Dès mardi, le ministre des Affaires étrangères koweitien. qui préside la commission de sept membres chargée de dénouer l'écheveau bbanais, s'est déclaré optimiste, tout en avouant que la tache serait rude. En effet, après quatorze ans de guerre, le Liban n'a jamais été aussi proche d'un éclatement total: privé de président depuis quatre mois, le pays a deux gouvernements: l'un de militaires chrétiens (Micbel Aoun) et l'autre à majorité musulmane soutenu par la Syrie

(Selim Hoss) Cependant, les milieux diplomatiques à Beyrouth relèvent des signes d'éclaircie. Ils estiment tout d'abord l'accord intervenu en décembre entre Amai et l'OLP, après une guerre sans merci de plus de trois ans, comme un élément de stabilisation au Liban Sud, zone majeure de fric-

tion israélo-arabe. l'initiative de au mois de janvier qui constitue un revers pour le de du chef druze Walid Journblatt Hezboliah. Mais la Syrie, rapelle chrétiens dans le Chouf, qu'ils l'ordre à Beyrouth Ouest.

Les "bons offices" de la Ligue avaient fui en 1983 pour le "pays ebreuen" au Nord. Ce qui signifie peut-être la reconstruction d'une entité géo-politique jadis colonne vriébrale du Liban: le Mont-Liban, région centrale où cohabi-

taient chrétiens et Druzes. Enfin, le vent de l'entente a souffle suffisamment fort pour pousser les chefs des deux gouvernements rivaux à se rendre à Tunis. Michel Aoun réclame avant tout le départ des 35.000 soldats syriens du Liban, alors que Selim Hoss met l'accent sur les réformes constitutionnelles. (d'aprés agences)

Amal-Hezbollah; la paix signée. Les milices chutes rivales Amal et Hezbollah ont signé mardi à Damas un accord mettant fin à neuf mois d'une guerre qui a tue plus de 500 personnes. Les deux milices sont convenues de former un centre d'opérations communes au Sud-Liban contre Israel, de cesser le feu immédiatement et d'échanger leurs prisonniers. L'accord, selon l'agence syriente SANA, confie à Amal le contrôle sécurité au Liban Sud, ce pont permettre un retour des SANA, reste le seul garant de Renforcement de la coopération Jordano-égyptienne

Vers un marché commun arabe

Suite aux renforcements successifs des reations économiques jordano-nord-yémenites et jordano-égyptiennes, le Roi Hussein et Hosni Monbarak out fait était cette semaine de la formation d'un "marché commun" arabe regroupant la Jordanie, l'Egypte, le Nord-Yémen et l'Irak.

Le Roi Hussein a révélé samedi au quotidien Rai que des discussions étaient en cours pour mettre sur pied cet ensemble économique, et qu'on en étudiait déjà les aspects juridiques. A l'issue d'entrefiens avec le

souverain Hachémite, le président égyptien avait également fait menoon jeudi dernier au Caire de la formation de ce marché commun arabe. Soulignant qu'il existait déjà des commissions mixtes entre l'Egypte et ces trois pays, M. Moubarak a affirmé que cet ensemble ne serait dirigé contre personne et ne devrait pas susciter des susceptibilités". Selon lui, la porte est ouverte à tout Etat arabe désireux de s'y

Par ailleurs, la baute commission jordano-égyptienne s'est réunie cette semaine au Caire, sous la co-présidence du premier ministre jordanien Zeid Rifai et de son homologue égyptien Atef Sedki. La commission a notamment décidé de créer plusieurs sociétés communes (tourisme, viande, fourrage) et de porter à 350 millions de dollars en 1989 le volume annuel des échanges commerciaux entre les deux pays. Selon le ministère jordanien de l'industrie et du commerce, le volume des échanges se montera à 250 millions de dollars en 1988.

La haute commission a également étudié les moyens de relier les réseaux électriques des deux pays, de d'intensifier le trafic maritime entre Agaba et Nuieba (Sinaī).

La semaine dernière, le hautcomité jordano-nord-yémenite avait décidé de renforcer les relanons commerciales entre Amman et Sanaa.

Paix: le Roi optimiste

Interrogé sur l'éventuelle tenue d'un sommet arabe, le Roi Hussein s'est montré optimiste, esnimant que tous les "indices et Arafat. (d'après agences)

facteurs plaident pour une réunion dans les meilleurs délais" de cette conférence. Optimisme encore quant à l'investiture du président américain George Bush: 'Le monde vit actuellement une étape de changements fondamentaux", et il existe une orientation internationale "positive à l'égard de toutes les questions qui menacent la paix et la sécurité dans différentes régions', a esnimé le Roi.

Mais selon le souverain Hachémite, il faut attendre deux mois pour que la nouvelle administration américaine mette en place sa nouvelle politique étrangére.

Le Roi a souligné l'existence d'un bon climat psychologique dû au renforcement de la coopération économique arabe, aux efforts internationaux pour rendre possible une conférence de paix au Proche-Orient et pour régler le prohlème libanais. Il a encore mis l'accent sur un changement dans l'opinion israélienne, se référant à un récent sondage selon lequel 54% des Israéliens sont favorables à des négociations avec Yasser

Le qat, "or vert" du Yémen

Au Yémen du Nord, Ashami est un cultivateur heureux. Adossé au capot de son "pick-up" Toyota, la taille ceinte de la traditionnelle "fouta", le pagne yéménite, il a le geste assuré du proprietaire pour montrer les plantations de gat qui cascadent antour de Jibla (Sud du Nord-Yémen).

"Le gat, c'est l'or vert du pays", dit-il en désignant les cultures en gradins plantées d'arbris-seaux, dont les feuilles, mâchées, produisent un effet euphorisant. Chaque vendredi, jour de mar-

ché, il dégringole la piste défoncée qui mène à 1bb (150 km au Sud de Sanaa, la capitale) pour vendre sa production personnelle. Une trentaine de gerbes vendues 100 rials (environ 10 dollars) l'unité tressautent au fond de sa camionnette. mais, certaines pousses, comme le "chami", plus fortes en amphétamines, valent trois fois plus.

Avec une centaine d'arbrisseaux, les paysans de la région réalisent un bénéfice net d'à peu près 3.300 dollars par an, une somme énorme dans un pays où le produit national brut par habitant avoisine les 600 dollars.

Le rituel du qat au Yémen est bien enracine. le Yéménite (du Nod) s'offre 2.000 heures de rêve narcotique à l'année. 90% de la population est consommatrice. movennant des dépenses sompmaires ani grèvent familiaux.

"Il y a 20 ans, ici meme, moo père s'éreintait sur le café, 10 fois

gens n'y emprennent pas grand-

chose et pensent qu'on ne peut

pas juger. Pourtant, la situation

des Palestiniens est simple. Mais

dans les médias, jusqu'à récem-

ment, on présentait systémati-

quement Israel comme la victime.

Ét on associait les Palestiniens à

une inquiétante nébuleuse arabe,

Exemple typique: cet article de Josette Alia dans le Nouvel

Observateur (19 janvier) sur Beyrouth - Est, évidemment-, où

elle écrit: "De ce côté, une civi-

lisation. Au-delà des limites in-

terdites, un autre monde qu'on

imagine hostile, barbare. Totale-

ment inconnu". Totalement in-

connn!? Elle n'a qu'à aller y voir,

au lieu d'imaginer et de transmet-

tre ses fantasmes aux lecteurs.

Au-delà des Palestiniens, e'est

l'approche des Arabes qui man-

que cruellement d'objectivité. Où

Tout de même, la presse a large-

fanaoque.



Le qui a fait disparaitre la culture du café

d'argent. A cette époque, le Qat était rare. Aujourd'hui, c'est 30% des revenus agricoles", déclare Ashami, dont les estimations recoupent les statistiques (officieuses) réalisées sur place.

Dans les années 70, saisi par la "fièvre verte" qui commencait a répandre sa manne sur ses voisins. Ashami s'est lancé dans le processus de substitution généralisé sur les hauts plateaux yéménites, qui a porte un coup de grace quasi-définitif au café et à Moka, son port exportateur en ruine, sur la Mer Rouge: 5.000 ionnes en 1985, contre 50.000 au début du siècle.

Entre la prière de l'après-midi et celle du soir, la vie s'arrête au Yemen du Nord et chacun de chiquer dans les Mafraj (la pièce réservée au Qat dans les maisons yémenites) ou sur le tas: Le l'atelier, le commerçant sur son pas de porte. Tous les contacts commerciaux, techniques, minisplus de travail et 20 fois moins tériels ou autres, se font autour

montrer combien Israel était un

Etat démocratique! La presse

française a fortement tendance à

attribuer le "sale boulot" à cer-

d'une botte de qat, et nombreux sont les diplomates ou les réprésentants des organismes internationaux qui out sacrifé à cette Le 26 septembre, jour de la

fête nationale, le moindre petit village dépense des sommes effarantes: parfois jusqu'à 3.000 dollars pour le qat produit sur place et moitié moins pour les viandes de banquet.

En raison d'une émigration d'ouvriers yéménites vers les Etats-Unis, une filiére du gat fonctionne entre Radda (Est du Yémen) et Detroit. Passage obligé par Toronto: en effet, contrairement aux Etats-Unis, le Canada tolère les imporations de qat et les valises yéménites transilent donc par la frontière entre les deux pays nord-américains.

En France, la règlementation de gat à stupéfiant, comme le rappelle un avertissement placardé dans le hall de l'ambassade à Sanaa. (AFP).

sympathie mêlée de compassion,

comme si j'étais un noir d'Afri-

que du Sud. Mais c'est récent. En

général, on me prenait pour un

Libanais, un Sud-Américain,

FIGURE

bougeotte.

Marco Polo en vélo

23.000 kilomètres à bicyclette sur la route de soie: l'idée de Jacques Fernandes, un Lyonnais de 25 ans, a séduit le jury du premier Tremplin de l'Aventure, organisé par la ville de Lyon. Avec 69.000 francs en poche, notre laurént est parti de Lyon le 1er septembre pour un périple d'un an et demi qui le mènera à Canton (Chine). Il passait cette semaine à Amman.

Pourquoi la soie? Tout commence par la fascination de Jacques pour les mystères de la Chine. C'est à travers l'histoire de Marco Polo qu'il deouvre l'existence de cette voie commerciale, reliant la Chine à l'Occident. L'importation de la soie d'extrême-Orient a commencé 2 siècles avant Jésus-Christ et empruntait le chemin le plus

court, par l'Asie centrale. Les

Perses s'emparèrent vite du

monopole de ce commerce.

C'est pouquoi, à partir du 2ème siècle après J.C., les Romains ont voulu les contourner. De cette époque date la voie maritime, par l'Inde puis l'Océan indien. La soie était alors acheminée vers l'Europe via l'Egypte et la Méditerranée ou par voie terrestre, via Pétra et Palmyre. C'est ce dernier itinéraire qu'a choisi d'emprunter Jacques. Îl envisage un retour par les routes d'Asie Centrale.



Jacques Fernandes

de dix sept ans l'Europe et la Turquie en vélo. "C'est un moyen de rencontre extraordinaire, on aborde facilement les gens, qui ne se sentent pas agressés", dît-il. Dans chacun des pays qu'il traverse, Jacques étudie les techniques de travail de la soie. mais aussi soo utilisation et son rôle social hier et aujourd'hui. D'ores et déjà, il a rencontré en Turquie et en Syrie des artisans utilisant des méthodes de filature

vieilles de quinze siècles. La Jordanie, terre de nomades,

Pas question pour lui de per-

était essentiellement un pays de transit pour les marchands d'épices et de soie debarqués par la Mer Rouge ou remontant du Hedjaz. Jacques ne manquera pas de visiter Pétra, presigieuse cité caravanière, avant d'aborder l'Arabie Saoudite. Ses notes et photos sont envoyées régulièrement à la ville de Lyon, célèbre

formance sportive: Ce diplômé en paysagisme sillone depuis l'àge

en France pour ses soieries depuis

A L'AFFICHE

CINEMA Festival américain

Cinq films en cinq jours, choisis dans la catégorie cinéastes indépendants Places sur invitation, mais on peut obtenir des bittets dans le quart d'heure précédent le début de la

Close encounters of the third kind (1977), dimanche 5. - Raising Arizona (1986), tundi 6.

Fandango (1984), mardi 7.
 Heart like a wheel (1983), mer-

- The big Easy (1986), jeudi 9. Centre américaine, tous les soirs à 20h00

(en anglais)

Ciné-ciub

Films respectivement à 13h00, 15h00, 17h00, 19h00, 20h30. Le 2: The fly, Saivador, Alien, Chinese film, Wedding in Galilee. Le 3: Blade runner, Alfredo Alfredo, Messenger of death, Chinese film, Z. Le 4: Streets of fire, The warriors, Labyrinth, Chinese film, The Milagro bean fields. Le 5: Wolf company, Portrait of Jenny, Picuic on the hanging rock, Chinese film, Moon walker. Le 6: Déjà vu, The outsiders, One from the heart, Chinese film, Fright night [1]). Le 7: Mephisto, Ragtime, Alexandria why?, Chinese film, Fright oight (2). Le 8: Fist, Lip stick, Amadeus, Chinese film, Two moon junction.

Films en version originale. Tel: 683901. Roule de l'université, à droite après le bâtiment "Caterpillar", puis tère à Ducroux | gasche, 300 m.

CONCERT Sun Rythm Section

la Renaissance. (FD).

Six musiciens américains, dont l'an-cien batteur d'Elvis Presley, jouent le rockabilly des années 50.

Palace of Culture (Sport City), vendredi 3 à 19h00. Billets |1 et 3 dinars| en ventre au Centre américain et à la fondation Noor Al **EXPOSITION**

Jean-Paul Chambas Lithographies

Le peintre Jean-Paul Chambas est l'un des principaux acteurs du renouveau de la figuration dans la peinture occidentale actuelle.

CCF, du mardi 8 au 16 février.

STAGE PHOTO

Sous la direction du photographe Francis Chaverou, initiation et perfectionnement à la prise de vue, avec travaux pratique dans Amman. Petlicule et appareils fournis. CCF, du lundi 6 au jeudi 9, t0h00-t2h00. 10

TELEVISION

"Le temps des vacances", avec Alain Delon et Daniel Ceccaldi: comédie. Une adolescente amoureuse de son professeur va contribuer au rapprochement de ses parents séparés. (JTV, vendredi 3 à 17h30).

Selon Ammar, étudiant, les préjugés restent forts en Europe sur le Moyen-Orient Un Palestinien à Paris

Ammar, 25 ans, Palestinien, a quitté le Proche-Orient il y a six ans pour étudier l'informatique à Tonlouse. Il poursuit anjourd'hui à Paris sa formation, complétée par des cours de sciences politiques. De pasage à Amman où réside sa famille, Ammar raconte l'intifada vue de France.

Les Français s'intéressent-ils au conflit israélo-arabe?

En général, on les sent assez indifférents à un problème qui, de leur point de vue, les concerne pen. L'intifada, ils soot au courant, mais c'est comme l'Afrique du Sud: les médias en parient moins, on s'habitue, on oublie...

Quels sentiments nourrit-on vis-àvis d'israel?

Par souci de "décence", les gens affichent de la sympathie ou au moins de l'indulgence à l'égard de l'Etat bébreu, et ce ponr deux

raisons: - Le sentiment de culpabilité, les images de l'holocauste forcent. à la prudence quand on parle d'Israel. Une critique cootre cet Etat est facilement suspecte d'antisémitisme. On assimile Israel et les juifs. Déformées par ce prisme, les opinions déclarées sont donc souvent marquées par l'aveuglement on l'hypocrisie.

- Historiquement, il existe un a priori contre les Arabes, dans un esprit "croisé" de guerre sainte. Arabe égale Islam égale fanatisme égale menace pour l'Occident chrétien, et le tour est joué. Peu de gens semblent savoir qu'il y existe des Arabes chrétiens. Les frères Abdallah, par exemple... Et au Proche-Orient, les juifs sont souvent considéré comme un bastion avancé de la 'défense'' occidentale cootre l'Islam. Après tout, ils partagent l'ancient testament avec les chré-

L'approche de la cause palestitonnes. (Source: Association nienne passe donc aussi par cette grille de lectore?



Selon Ammar, la presse française d'objectivité vis-à-vis d'Israël

Si l'on met de côté la récente voulait "noyer le poisson". Les prise de conscience provoquée par le spectacle de l'intifada, oui. Mais il faut y ajouter nn antisémitisme latent, qui me semble beauconp plus profond en France et eo Europe que chez les Arabes eux-mêmes. Ainsi, le soutien au nationalisme palestinien de certains Français me semble effectivement mélé d'antisémitisme. Je pense notamment à des groupuscules de droite "nationalistes révolutionnaires" qui sévissent dans certaines universités. Chez d'antres, à l'inverse, soutenir Israel constitue un exutoire bien pratique à leur antisémitise. Ils éspèrent confusément que tous les juifs s'y retrouveront un jour. Et donc qu'ils ne les verront

Les médias français sont-ils objectifs sur ce conflit?

Lorsque je suis arrivé en France il y a six ans, j'ai été très choqué par leur partialité. J'arrivais de Beyrouth, ou j'avais assisté aux bombardements israéliens sur le souk le vendredi, tuant des centaines de civils. Je ne pensais pas qu'en France, on assimilait à ce point les Palestiniens au terrorisme. Comment pent-on supposer qu'un peuple entier est terror-

Et puis on entretient cette im-

age de l'"Orient compbqué", en

melant le problème palestinien au

conflit libanais, à guerre du

ment critiqué Israel, lors des mas-

Golfe, à Kadhafi, comme si l'on Sabra et Charlla ont permis de

est l'information?

sacres de Sabra et Chatila, par Certainement, les journalistes ont accusé le choc au départ. Mais très vite, ce drame a été tourné à l'avantage des Israéliens. Dès que des manifestations

pacifistes ont eu lieu eo Israel, on

a souligné le pluralisme et la

liberté d'expression dont jouis-

sent les Israéliens. En somme.

tains Israéliens - Sharon en l'occurence — et les bons côtés a Israel en tant que tout. Et depuis l'intifada? La presse a modifié son

approche des Palestinieus, l'OLP a montré qu'elle n'était pas un repaire de terroristes et l'opinion est beaucoup plus nuancée. Israel n'est plus David contre Goliath. Depuis que les enfants des territoires occupés ont sorti leurs frondes, les rôles sont inversés. L'impact des images a été déterminant: je pense qu'une grands partie de l'opinion a basculé après le reportage de CBS montrant les soldats casser des bras à coups de pierres. Mais il y a encore du travail à faire dans la tête des gens.

Comment réagissent des mouve-ments comme SOS Racisme an sonlèvement?

En France, on distingue deux racismes: le racisme et l'antisémitisme Comme si le premier etait moins condamnable que le second (MRAP, LICRA comportent la distinction dans leur intitulé même). Et faire cohabiter juifs et Arabes dans un monvement devient une gageure quand il s'agit du Moyen-Orient. SOS Racisme, par exemple, a été déserté par de nombreux Arabes à cause de divergences sur le coflit israélo-arabe. SOS Racisme apparaît de plus en plus comme un mouvement pro-israélien. Ils ont refusé de participer à une manifestation à Paris contre la répression israélienne, parce qu'elle réclamait l'autodétermination palestinienne et la tenue d'une conférence interna-

En tant que Palestinien, comment étes-vous perçu par les Français que vous côtoyez?

Depuis peu, on m'accorde une

voire un Indien... Et quand je disais "je suis Palestinien", il y avait un silence gené. Pour les gens, cela constituait non pas une localisacion géographique, mais une profession de foi politique, teintée d'extrémisme. Comme si j'avais dit "je suis du Hezbollah". Ensuite, il fallait que je me justifie, que je montre que je n'étais pas un terroriste et que ma cause était juste. C'était toujours à moi de me justifier, alors que personne ne songeait à remettre en cause la façon dont Israel a été En France, comme je l'ai dit, on considérait les Palestiniens

comme l'agresseur et Israël comme la victime. Et en droit français, la charge dela preuve incombe à celui qui attaque, pas au défendeur... A chaque fois, il me faut recommencer le même argumentaire, répondre aux inémes questions. C'est souvent fastidieux, mais je le fais quandmême, car c'est mon devoir. Parfois, j'ai l'impression de n'exister à leurs yeux que comme un être polique.

Avez-vous des amis juifs?

Une nuit, je racompagnais une amie juive chez elle, à Paris. Il était 4h00 du matin, il faisait très froid et nous étions à pied. Pour nous protéger du froid, nous nous étions enroulés des keffiehs autour de la téte. Une voiture est passée et son conducteur nous a craché dessus. La fille a éclaté en sanglots, traumatisée. Depuis ce jour, elle a compris la situation des Palestiniens, elle qui se sentait très étrangère au conflit proche-oriental. Mais il reste beaucoup de juifs qui entretiennent un complexe de persécucion, comme s'ils étaient les seuls à la

Propos recuillis par François



nds of men, women and children are engaged in a variety of small-scale services and trade. (Photo: J. Maillard/ILO).

Informal sectormeeds help, not scorn

ONE can find them in the slums and shanty towns of Africa's main cities — food vendors, petty traders, mechanics and hundreds of thousands of others engaged in a variety of small-scale trade and services. These men, women and children work and survive on the fringes of the modern sector, outside the reach of national laws on wages, working conditions, safety and health.

The informal sector plays an important economic role, employing more of the urban workforce than the modern industrial sector. Nevertheless, most gov-ernments continue to discriminate against it.

Recent country studies by the ILO's Jobs and Skills Programme for Africa (JASPA) show that the informal sector accounts for up to 60 per cent of urban employment in most African countries. In the urban areas of Benin the informal sector provides 95 per cent of all employment, while the figure is 73 per cent in Burkina Faso, 65 per cent in Niger, 65 per cent in Ghana, 55 per cent in the Congo and 50 per cent in Zambia, Togo and Nigeria.

Most of the informal sector activities are in retail trade, manufacturing and services. Even though it is largely a sector of the poor, some of its output meets the needs of the high-income

The scarcity of capital in many their problems.

of the less developed countries of Africa has not hampered the expansion of the informal sector. JASPA research has shown that informal sector entrepreneurs tend to draw upon their own resources and those of their relatives to start a husiness. About 87 per cent of all capital for these enterprises is raised in the family, with 10 per cent loaned hy relatives, friends and money lenders, and only 3 per cent from banks or government institutions. In effect, the informal sector enterprise is a low-capital, labourintensive operation which has mopped up a significant segment

The capital investment for the creation of a single job in this sector anged from a low of \$25.50 in Nairohi to \$42.30 in Freetown, to \$355.20 in Yaounde and \$477.80 in Djibouti.

of the urhan unemployed.

However, many of these enterprises tend to die out within a short period of time because of stiffer competition, economic depression and slackening demand for their products. Their life expectancy, according to JASPA, ranges from an average of 39 months in the case of Lagos to about 79 months in Lome. The rising cost of raw materials, low productivity resulting from inadequate training and know-how, and insufficient capital add to

Official support

Official support and assistance to these entrepreneurs could prolong their life span, but the attitude of most African governmeots continues to be amhivalent. While governments place stroog emphasis in their development plans on employment creation and hasic needs satisfaction, the "day-to-day reality is harassment of the informal sector," JASPA notes. Most governments have been reluctant to implement laws that favour the informal sector or even put it on a par with the modern sector.

This can be traced to official resistance to promote what are considered "inferior" quality products or to encourage the proliferation of informal sector establishments and perhaps shanty, towns. Western technology is often seen as the foundation for economic growth. Since informal sector enterprises concentrate on home-grown technology, they are coosidered inefficient and undeserving of government support.

That the informal sector should be allowed to operate on an equal footing with the modern sector is not disputed. But upgrading this important segment of national economic activity requires help in many areas: vocational and managerial skills training for artisans and apprentices, transfer of bulletin.

appropriate technology to improve quality and easier access to markets for the products of the informal sector.

Given the requisite assistance. can the informal sector in Africa provide the panacea for the continent's chronic unemployment? JASPA research shows that much of the employment-generating potential of this sector has already heen fully exploited. Judging by past experience, one should not expect the informal sector to cure the continent's unemployment problem com-

"Certainly it employs much more labour than the modern sector at the same level of capital stock. But the fact is that it cannot he expected to absorb all the migrants, whose share in the urban growth rate of most African countries is about 70 per cent," the study says. Consequently the traditional "safety valve" role of the informal sector cannot be relied on indefinitely.

The informal sector would have to expand hy 10 to 15 per cent annually to accommodate the high rate of population growth. JASPA concludes: "Indeed, it is necessary that a concerted programme of action should be undertaken to raise the productivity of this sector, so as to make it as labour-absorptive as

Hollywood's femme fatale

By Ivor Davis

NO ONE can accuse Kim Basinger of being a oeophyte wheo it comes to cinematic sex.

She played a nymphomaoiac opposite Burt Reynolds in The Man Who Loved Women (1983): a temptress for Sean Coonery as 007 in Never Say Never Again (1983); the femme fatale exploiting baseball star Robert Redford in The Natural (1984); an obsessive sexual partner with Mickey Rourke in Nine 12 Weeks (1986); and a drunken bimbo destroying Bruce Willis' career in Blind Date

So who is going to believe Basinger as a oaive extraterrestrial who thinks an orgasm is a musical instrument in My Stepmother is an Alien.

Io a telephone interview from Loodoo, where she is filming Batman in which she stars as the Caped Crusader's (Michael Keaton) girlfrieod Vicki Vale. Basinger discusses her role in Stepmother. "My character Celeste has a child's innoceoce and was never programmed for sex. Therefore, she has to start from scratch. She picks up her sexual attitudes from what she sees in movies and on television."

In the Richard Beojamiodirected film Basinger's provocative innoceoce is played off Dan Aykroyd as Dr. Steve Mills, a scientist searching for intelligent life in outer space. Mills' research results in his having a more than close encounter with Celeste, and

the two eventually fall in love. How did the actress, who is Hollywood's current reigning femme fatale, pull it off?

"I relied on the child inside me," she says. "But playing an innocent and the way I look is part of the joke. I loved having to strip myself of everything I knew; Celeste has to learn to kiss. She comes to Earth and has to get the atteotion of this scientist (Aykroyd) who is oot interested in anything (other than his work). So you take nature and life what you've seen in movies and imitate the lot. Celeste has not inhibitions."

Maybe Celeste doesn't, but Basinger does.

The actress grew up in Athens, Ga., the third of five children, with a shyness that she says dogs her even today. "I'm a Holly-wood recluse. I'm shy around large crowds. They make me uncomfortable. It is true I won't do the Oscar show because of that. I'm scared I might faint or die.

"I like the simple life. But I'm out a little more. I'm lucky I can live out my fantasies in

And she has certainly lived them out in her career, which started in the '70s when Basinger was signed as one of the Ford Model Agency's top models. She made a quick leap to the small screen, landing the lead io the TV movie Katie: Portrait of a Ceotrefold (1978) and appearing in the TV remake of From Here to

Eternity (1979).

But it was as the sultry Domino in Never Say Never Again that established her as a celluloid vamp: From there she appeared opposite Reynolds, Rourke whose many steamy sceoes with Basinger io Nine 1/2 Weeks ended up on the cutting-room floor - and Richard Gere in No Mercy (1986) in which the two stars have a sexual interlude while chained together in a Louisiana swamp. The 35-year-old actress is no slouch when it comes to comedy either, proving her talents opposite Willis and, more impressively, Jeff Bridges in Nadine (1987).

Private life

Basinger protects her private life with a passion, although there have been recently published reports that she plans to divorce her husband, makeup man Ron Britton. She met him when she made her first feature film, Hard Country, in 1981 and has shared a rambling ranch home with him and - at last count - seven cats and 10 dogs in the San Fernando Valley (Calif.). Reportedly, she has been dating Batman producer Jon Peters, who was once the steady companioo of Barhra Streisand.

Although not willing to discuss her private life, Basinger does speak out on her heavyweight leading men. "Sean Connery is a devil and very smart; Richard Gere was the best partner I had; I know it sounds hysterical hut J never got to know Mickey Rourke; Burt Reynolds has the quickest sense of humour in the husiness; Sam Shepherd (Fool for Love, 1985) is a horse... a human



intelligence, has an unexpected encounter with an alien in the form of Kim Basinger in the romantic comedy, My Stepmather. ... 4:-

one; Bruce Willis is a sweet gent- on most of her clothes. Her role Aykroyd is smart and quick and in our new movie shows more jured falling off a horse. emotion than he has in any pic-

aim at a younger crowd; first with a lot of scenes never made it to stepmother, then with Batthe screen. Now I'm having fund man" in which she gets to keep playing to the younger set."

leman and quite a talent: Jeff as Vale was originally intended Bridges can play any part; Dan for Sean Young, then offered to Basinger when Young was in-

"I like the idea of change," says. Some of my films have Plans are afoot for Basinger to been steamy and controversial...



Hollywood's reigning femme fatale: Kim Basinger

A touch of black magic

PRETORIA — Dressed neatly in white smock and trousers, Jao Groenewald receives his patients in a scruffy waiting room adorned with skins and tribal trophies.

The slight, blond man politely leads his clieots to a tiny surgery where be pronounces on their health and future prospects in exchange for a 30-rand (\$12) consultancy fee.

Any idea, however, that Groenewald is in the dental or medical profession rapidly disappears when he dons a Zulu head-dress and produces a bag of animal bones.

Groenewald, 23, better known in the trade as Sangoma Masaka, is one of a handful of whites to have qualified as a Sangoma, or African witch doctor.

My mother thinks I am crazy, that the devils have got me, and some of my friends think it is very odd for a white man. But I have the talent, the gift," he told re-porters during a visit to his office in a husy Pretoria suburb.

Masaka plies his ancient trade with a professional 20th century Vencer. Telephones ring constantly, and a white-smoked trainee witch doctor takes appointments from worried businessmen, impotent lovers predict someone's future, I use

please call:

P.O. Box 7806

Amman, Jordan

Tel. 604676, 604696

For all your:

and curious housewives.

"I set up practice a few months ago, and since then husiness has beeo booming. About 35 per cent of my clientele is white," he said.

Masaka, the son of an Afrikaner (Dutch descent) farming family, grew up amid the strict calvinist traditions of his people.

Ancient art

He became fascinated from an early age by the ancient customs of the hlack farm workers with whom he came in contact, and soon came to believe he had the gift of a sixth sense.

"I would see an aura around some people. In church I would see people with blood on their head. They were soon to die." Masaka trained as a Sangoma

after a black man he met offered to take him to Zululand for tuition in the ancient arts. After learning the Zulu laoguage, the young Afrikaner was taught the secrets of the witch

from generation to generation for centuries. "I see into people's eyes, there I see what sort of character they have, if they have a medical

doctor, which have been handed

problem. "Telliog the past and present, I use my eyes, but if I am asked to

the bones," he said, indicating a - to cure anything from imposkin bag which cootains the tools tence to arthritis, from a nagging of his trade.

Masaka's hag contains an exotic mixture of shells, playing dice, dominoes, a small banknote, the toe of a cow, a fox's kneebone, a piece of tortoise shell, and much more.

A throw of the bones gives Masaka the rundown on his patient's future, and provides the answer to the customary questions — the number of children the patieot will have or their likely success in a business ven
its, cured epilepsy and solved many sex problems," he said.

Masaka's herbal cures include

Masaka also use Muți - a

spouse to a financial predica-

Strings of roots, piles of leaves aod mysterious powders lie heaped on the shelves of his "pharmacy", which takes up a corner of his office.

Epilepsy and sex problems

"Already I have had dozens of successes. I have driveo out spir-

a husiness luck powder, guaranteed to rid the troubled executive secret mixture of herbs and roots of all financial problems, a love

potion which hrings bickering couples back into each other's arms and powders to drive out evil spirits.

"The recipes for my Muti are secret — the important thing is that they work." Masaka said.

The Pretoria medicine man now aims to try his hand ahroad - he thinks that the United States is ready for his type of business.

"I have already heard from Americans who would like to have a consultation. Maybe my future lies there," he added, for once making a cautious predictioo without resorting to the



Cinema NUOUM **RED HEAT** ccs 3:30, 6:15, N:30, 10:30

Tel: 677420 PLAZA LIKE **FATHER** LIKE SON

STUDIO HAIG

Packing, Professional Quality in Air Freight Forwarding, Hour Service Customs Clearance. Develop your colour film at our shop and get:-Door-to-door Service. Ticketing and

Reservation needs, · JUMBO photo size 30% larger AMIN KAWAR & SONS Free enlarge ment 20 x 30 cm Abdel Hamid Sharaf Street

> Shmeisani - Opp. Grindlays Bank. Phone: 604042 Swefieh tel: 823891





Ahliyyah Girls School Take away is available

Open daily 12:00-3:30 p.m. 6:30-Midnight Tel. 638968

堂餐廳 MANDARIN **Chinese Restaurant**

The only typical Chinese cuisine in Amman. Chinese Flaming pol is available Take away available Open daily 12:00 - 15-30 18:00 - 23:30

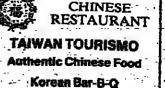
Wadı Sagra Road - near Traffic Bridge Amman, Jordan Tel: 661922

CHEN'S CHINESE RESTAURANT

Mecca Street, Yarmouk Engineers' Housing Estate, near Kilo Supermarket.

Mongolian Barbeque for Lunch Friday only Tel: 818214 Come and tasle our specialities -

Open daily 12:00 - 3:30 6:30 - Midnight



Charcoal Flaming Pot Take-away service Open daily Noon - 3:30 p.m. & 6:30 p.m. - midnight Location: Near 3rd Circle

opposite Akilah Hospital

Tel: 641093

Take away service available Open Daily 12.30-3.30 pm 7:30-11:30 pm After the Holkiny kin hotel Towards 3rd circles





the Joint Stock Theatre in London.

Karim Al-Rawi and performed by



Promised land — playing for laughs

A British theatrical group has produced a play highlighting, in comic situations, the tragedy unfolding in the Israeli occupied Arab temtories.

an interview.

By Maureen Ali

LONDON - It was partially anact of defiance which led the Joint Stock Company, one of Britain's most unusual and creative theatre companies, to stage its latest pro-

Under most circumstances, a play on Palestine is a controversial choice but at a time when small theatre companies are under scrining for diminishing government arts grants, Joint Stock's decision to espouse this prickly subject was rather provocative. Shortly after the first inge in performance the company was ins has stripped of its revenue status Jeaving it some \$45,000 short for nade no fine future - its future.

It was a calculated risk, explains Egyptian-born playwright Karim Al-Rawi. "Rather than compromise, we chose to write a play which would uphold the ethos of the company," he said in

The idea for Promised Land evolved from a previous produc-tion A Child in the Heart, which examined the concept of utopia and the cost of trying to realise a social ideal. Jewish director Nick Broadhurst felt that something about Israel, a modern utopia which, like others, had gone drastically wrong, would be a fitting sequel. At that time, Intifada was into its fourth month and the plight of the Palestinians was dominating the headlines.

Since the Joint Stock approach involves group research and workshops in cooperation with the playwright, several company members travelled to the occupied territories and spent eight days talking to a wide range of

They visited towns, villages and refugee camps, interviewing teachers, academics, journalists, doctors, lawyers, policemen, soldiers on patrol, ordinary men, women and children who related their stories. One night was spent with a fugitive from the Israeli authorities who told them of previous experiences under torture. They also attended arally led by Rahbi Meir Kahane, which left a profound impression.

When the time came for him to sit down and translate the group's impressions into words, Al-Rawi opted for a comic approach employing a fool, an anti-hero, as the central character. "After

much agonizing, I felt that more could be achieved through comic dialogue, comic negation than through any other means," Al-,

Rawi explained. Thus the fool "Radi" believes that the only way he can survive life under occupation is by conforming to the Israeli image of a 'good Arab." In trying to fulfil other people's expectations of him, Radi (Vincent Ebrahim) is transformed from unemployed Palestinian labourer into Rudi, an Israeli draft dodger whose shoes he attempts to fill.

"He fails," Al-Rawi explained, because how can you placate those who deny your existence in the first place?" His position as 'good Arab' or a 'good Israeli' is equally untenable.

This is not the first time the plight of the Palestinian has been tackled through the comic vehicle of a duped collaborator, Saeed. the leading character in Émile

Habiby's novel The Pessoptomist fulfils this role. He was, in turn. the inspiration for Mabioob, in the play of the same name by the Palestinian theatre group Al-Hakawati. Like Saeed and Mahjoob before him Radi espouses the philosophy: if you cannot beat them join them. This inevitably leads to his rejection by both communities. like his predecessors, Radi is meant to evoke certain sympathy as a simple human being seeking happiness and, more so, survival. In the end

he is merely pathetic. In his journey through life, Radi stumbles across a number of grossly exaggerated characters all of whom represent people enconntered by the Joint Stock during their visit to Israel. The gun toting, bible bashing Rabbi Molech, played by Jamaica-horn actor Leo Wringer, encapsulates the extremism of the Americanborn Meir Kahane.

Sumatra

Colonel Bloody Boss adds flesh to recent comments, which have come from within the Israeli intelligentsia, that the Israeli army is run by Nazis. This character's name is a reminder of the frequent parallels which have been drawn between the brutal politics of Israel and South Africa, Guilfoyle also plays a simpering Imam who seems to signify impotence among the clergy.

Steven Marcus's beefy, brain-less Shlomo Ben Bop reflects the traditionally downgraded image of the Sephardic Jew in Israel. His grudging relationship with Radi/Rudi reinforces the popular view of a love-hate approach between Oriental Jews and Arabs. Lucy Sheen, unconvincing as

Radi's long suffering wife and Rabbi Moloch's naïve son Benji, completes the cast. (In all Joint Stock productions most actors

Brunei .

Kalimantan

Bandjarmasin

Malaysia

ingapore



Karim Al-Rawi, writer of Promised Land.

take several roles). The decision to ham it up in the name of humour does not allow the actors

lot of room for development. The comic dialogue does, however, facilitate some pertinent comments on the brutality of the Israeli state. The way these facts are woven into the fabric of the play is perhaps its saving grace. Too often, however, words and actions deteriorate into gutter humour and slapstick, which undermine the rest of the play. Nor is it enhanced by its extraneous celestial visitor - an archangel en route to perform another immaculate conception --played with naked enthusiasm by

Pacific Ocean

Halmahera.

Sulawesi

Leo Wringer. In Joint Stock productions, all the characters and their actions are the result of the distillation process which takes place between the writer and the rest of the group. It is a demanding process with the potential to produce powerful works. In Promised Land, the system could have

worked better. The play itself is cluttered with details which may have been deemed significant during the discussion stages but, in the fina! product, seem redundant. It is as if Joint Stock felt it necessary to go into code, as a means of self-protection against an anticipated onslaught of pro-Israeli criticism. And it has been left to the audience to try to decipner this as best it can. - Academic File.

New Guinea

Holland's latest AIDS campaign targets teenagers

By Peter Marijnissen

NETHERIANDS Information on AIDS is widespread in the Netherlands so it is stingest impossible for most young people to be ignorant of the basic facts.

Lealiets are available in post. offices and libraries at local

Mass media regularly address the problem, especially during a national campaign; and people, who really want all the details can telephone one of the national or local information lines

At the end of 1988 there were just over 600 registered AIDS patients, largely homosexuals, drug asers or a combination of both. The number of people with HIV is estimated at between 15,000 and 30,000. These figures compare well with countries like France and West Germany, but that is no reason for completency. With 37 cases per one million inhabitants the Netherlands is still well up in the top 10 of Europe as far as prevalence is concerned.

"We realise that AIDS is a national issue, so we have a major of sage for everybody," says Bart negative image that unique sage for everybody, says Bart negative image that unique sage for everybody, says Bart negative image that unique sage for everybody, says Bart negative image that unique sage for everybody, says Bart negative image that unique sage for everybody, says Bart negative image that unique sage for everybody, says Bart negative image that unique sage for everybody, says Bart negative image that unique sage for everybody, says Bart negative image that unique sage for everybody, says Bart negative image that unique sage for everybody, says Bart negative image that unique sage for everybody, says Bart negative image that unique sage for everybody, says Bart negative image that unique sage for everybody, says Bart negative image that unique sage for everybody, says Bart negative image that unique sage for everybody, says Bart negative image that unique sage for everybody, says Bart negative image that unique sage for everybody, says Bart negative image that unique sage for everybody, says Bart negative image that unique sage for everybody, says Bart negative image that unique sage for everybody is says Bart negative image that unique sage for everybody is says Bart negative image that unique sage for everybody is says and says an national issue, so we have a mesfounded and financially supported by the Dutch government. Since its formation in 1987, the

ordinated and supported initiatives by several organisations like the Rutgers Stichting, the Dntch family planning association

Twofold aims

"Our aim is twofold," Bart health-renties and at the many. Eigrond explains. "In the first organisations that deal with place we want to stop the spread caribbean.

Caribbean.

In accordance with the wishes and guidance on health and sex. AIDS. In the second place we of the Dutch Parliament, a third

1988, was particularly directed at those who come into contact with blood in the course of their work. Apart from these nationwide

campaigns the NCAB has aimed publicity at particular groups thought at risk, such as intravenous drug users, homosexuals, haemophiliacs or travellers to Sub-Saharan Africa and the

want to control the reactions of national campaign has been runsociety. We are trying to emphaning since the end of last Octosise that AIDS is not some scary ber, this time directed at young

"As in all the other campaigns our policy is to inform people without scanng them and without forcing upon them all kinds of moral judgements. We don't want young people to become averse to sex or to blame homosexuals. What we offer them are four choices: you can have no sex at all, you can have sex with a permanent partner you are sure of, you can use a condom or you can employ other ways of making love. We don't make a choice That is up to them.'

disease, caused by homosexuals and drug addicts. There is nothing to be afraid of, as long as people know what they are doing. In short, we want to stop the

1987, was meant to inform the public in a matter-of-fact way, mainly trying to avoid all kinds of

people, their parents and their

So far extremely few young people have been found to be infected. But a campaign advising a change in sexual behaviour is necessary, nevertheless, Bart Eijrond points out. By making use of the mass media and the schools, he says the NCAB can reach all young people, including those who may put themselves at risk through their behaviour in

the future: "As in all the other campaigns our policy is to inform people without scaring them and without forcing upon them all kinds of moral judgements. We don't want young people to become averse to sex or to blame homosexuals. What we offer them are four choices: you can. have no sex at all, you can bave sex with a permanent partner you are sure of, you can use a condom or you can employ other ways of making love. We don't make a choice. That is up to them."

T. V. programmes

The message is brought home in many ways, varying from leaflets and television commercials to special projects for adolescents and a series of three television programmes by Dutch Educational Television.

The Rutgers Sticbting is one of the organisations involved in the campaign. As a centre for family planning and matters concerning sexuality, the FPA has built up much expertise in the field of the sexual education of adolescents. Even before the start of the National Committee, information on AIDS had been integrated into sexual education programmes for young people.

"Integration has always been our starting point," emphasises Doortje Braeken, in charge of

the prevention and guidance policy at the Rutgers Stichting.

"Especially among young people 'safe sex' is a well-known notion, partly due to the publica-tion of the leaflet Safe Sex on Vacation' in May 1988.

"But it appears that all that knowledge does not always lead to a necessary change in sexual hehaviour. According to research, adolescents who begin their sexual career start to use contraceptives only after six months on average. Furthermore, many girls are using the Pill. That is a very good precaution, but not against AIDS. It is also important to realise that sexual education is not a compulsory

subject at secondary schools." "In our campaign we don't want to deprive young people of the necessary chance to experiment with sex. as seems to be the strategy in the United States. But we certainly do point out that they have to make choices: what do I want or not want, and how do I make it clear to the other person? To help, we have pubished, two small books."

Curiosity

The books, different for hoys and girls, are principally meant to arouse curiosity and offer a starting point for talking. The FPA also provides additional information for parents and teachers in order to stimulate discussions at

At the end of January, information folders will be available for the many local and national organisations that are, in one way or another, dealing with young people. There will be extra training for FPA staff, and in February a conference and workshops on sexual education in the age of AIDS.

dam family planning association seem to know about AIDS. But to their knowledge they have never met anyone who is seropositive, let alone a person with AIDS. They don't know the exact figures. They don't know that in an Amsterdam study 40 per cent of homosexuals were infected with HIV - though the rate of new infections is now very low and one-third of intravenous drug users are believed to have the virus. This rate continuing to rise, despite some effective needleexchange schemes.

Youngsters visiting the Rotter-

Officials think that probably one out of every bundred Amsterdam inhabitants is infected. But the young people come from an ordinary provincial town and the dangers seem distant.

In a way they are right. The situation in the Netberlands is not that bad. There is an open attitude to sex, information is plentiful and easy to obtain and, apart from some orthodox but scarcely influential religious movements. everybody had been convinced of the need to provide information it thick peat) in a way that is about AIDS. - People News



the controversy goes on

By John Madeley

Indonesia's transmigration programme, the world's largest movement of people in recent times, has brought about an improvement in the lives of "two-thirds of migrants." claims a World Bank country study, Indonesia: the transmigration programme in perspectivé.

IT is clear from the study, however, that many of the three million people who migrated between 1950 and 1986 face substantial and continuing problems. Particularly disturbing is that some of the early migrants are experiencing lower incomes due to the declining fertility of their

The idea behind Indonesia's transmigration is to spread population more evenly throughout the country. People have been moved from the heavily populated islands of Java, Bali, Maduri and Lombok ro less densely populated outer islands, such as Sumatra, Kalimantan and Irian Jaya. Current population densities tell their own story -Java has a density of 801 people per square kilometre; Sumatra, 76 people per sq kilometre; and Irian Jaya, 6 people per sq

Migrants receive, on average, 2 nectares of land per family, says the study. This is usually land from which forest has bad to be cleared. Arriving from the fertile rice-growing lands of Java, the settlers have faced the daunting task of growing their rice and other crops on such land (some of

Cleared forests

Cleared forest areas are notorious for their low soil fertility and the study admits: "a major question is whether agricultural production can be sustained on marginal soils."

In a survey of 1,500 migrant families, the Ministry of Transmigration found that in most areas, incomes from food crops were highest for settlers who had been "on site" from five to six years. "They are lower for those who have been on site nine to ten years... it is likely that older sites have lower agricultural incomes due to declining soil fertility."

The study stresses that if this were the case it "would be a matter for serious concern." The government argues, the report says, that "improved site selection and farming systems will enable recent settlers in food crop sites to sustain or improve yields or incomes." This, says the study,

remains to be confirmed. Among project officials there is certainly very serious concern. On a visit to one resettlement site in late 1987, I found officials encouraging differing crop rotations but admitting that they had not yet found a rotation that would overcome the soil fertility settlement areas bas been a

problem. It may have to be faced further cause for concern. The that no such combination exists for some sites — and that they may have to be abandoned. The study does not countenance any

such notion.

Another controversial aspect of transmigration has been the loss of forest. This the World Bank plays down. The study calculates that by the year 2000 some two million hectares of forest might have been used by government-sponsored migrants. This is a large area," it says, "although less than the area under shifting cultivation in Cen-

tral Kalimantan alone. Infrastructure

The bank study appears to take no account of the forest cleared for new roads and infrastructure. Non-government agencies estimate that total forest clearance is already around some five million bectares. Indonesia's Network for Forest Conservation, SKEPHI, estimates that every hectare of usable land created by transmigration adversely affects an additional 4 bectares of forest. It is admitted that in Irian Jaya, which has "the largest undisturbed lowland forest in South-East Asia," forest concession will have a significant impact on the environment unless there is a

major protection effort. The most effective protection, however, would be to use grassland rather than forest sites which some non-government

organisations believe is feasible. The impact of the programme on people who are native to the study asserts "no programme of this magnitude has been carried out with less communal tension." Reassuring words, but whether they convey the whole story is less certain.

Many of the settlement sites are in isolated areas which get little or no news coverage. It seems as if the integration of native and migrant peoples has gone reasonably smoothly but it is doubtful if the real picture has emerged. More detailed studies remain to be done.

Indonesia's transmigration is now stalled — partly because funds have run out — although spontaneous movements between the islands go on. But can life for the people who have already settled be improved? The World Bank's advice only demonstrates how sbaky the whole programme

really is.
"The most important form of second-stage development is likely to be tree crop establishment in existing sites," says the study. But what are these tree crops? Chiefly rubber, oil palm and coconut. The World Bank likes to encourage such growth — and there is a hunt of irony when we read "the declining trend in commodity prices for tree crops is matter of serious concern.

The Bank bas contributed to that decline by encouraging too many countries to grow too many cash crops. In the precarious situation that Indonesian transmigration is now in, the advice to plant more tree crops only highlights the desperation. - People



Israeli settlements get no funds in budget

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (R) — Finance Minister Shimon Peres submitted to parliament Tuesday a cost-cutting budget for 1989-90 that provides no money for new Jewish settlements in the Israelioccupied territories.

Peres said 22 per cent of the budget would go to "security" needs, including 100 million shekeis (\$55 million) for the army's use against the 14-monthold Palestinian uprising in the occupied West Bank and Gaza

David Boas, treasury budget director, told reporters that because of the budget cuts, no money was set aside for eight new Jewisb settlements accepted by a new right-left "unity" government formed five weeks ago. The failure to earmark funds

sparked criticism from rightwin-Boas said cabinet ministers could individually deviate from

their budgets if they wanted to finance the settlements. Some 70,000 fsraelis live in the

settlements in the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip.

The Knesset, Israel's parliament, is expected to accept the 52 billion shekel (\$29 billion) budget before the start of the

fiscal year April 1. Israel's

WASHINGTON (R) — The Jus-

tice Department is cracking down

on fraud in U.S. financial mar-

kets to prevent Wall Street and

Chicago commodities scandals

from jeopardising market confi-dence because of "crime in the

Attorney General Dick Thorn-

burgh announced Tuesday that

the department has formed six

special teams to find crooks who

have already cheated investors

and traders — and to deter any-one else thinking of trying the

and other violent offences, evi-

dence of 'crime in the suites'

frequently is not immediately evi-

dent," he told a news conference.

But he said President Bush was

"Unlike so-called street crime

cabinet approved the budget ear-

Peres' political future may ride on his ability to infuse life into the country's struggling economy.

Israel is experiencing a recession in part because of the uprising combined with bad weather that has harmed crops. Tourism,

Israel's largest industry, dropped by 15 per cent in 1988 because of the uprising. Peres, the Labour Party leader. took over the treasury when rightist Likud Prime Minister Yit-

zhak Shamir formed the "unity" government in December. "I ask the Knesset to approve the budget," Peres said in a speech that appealed to workers and employers to work with him

for economic growth. The new budget includes government austerity measures approved by the cabiner on Jan.

These would raise high-school fees, impose a small charge for doctor visits, cut subsidies on food and public transport and reduce the public work force by

U.S. targets 'crime in suites'

committed to assuring both inves-

tors and traders of the integrity of

U.S. financial markets despite

the insider trading scandal on

Wall Street and investigation of

Chicago commodities markets.

here is to advertise to those who

may think of further wrongdoing

at the expense of American con-

sumers and investors that they've

got some powerful weapons that

they're going to have to con-front," he said later on television.

Thomburgh announced at the

drawn from several federal agen-

cies, would help Washington

track down the proliferating num-

ber of white-collar criminals who

rip off unsuspecting investors and

news conference that the units, express our concern over the in-

alleged widespread fraud in the

"I think what we're trying to do

of Cairo fair brings chaos Peres said he hoped to reduce

He offered no official estimate

for 1989 inflation, but ministry

officials said privately they ex-

pected it to reach 20 per cent.

They said this was because of cuts

in subsidies and a 12 per cent

The treasury forecast a 1.9 per

cent rise in gross domestic pro-

duct compared with a one per

Economists say Peres is making a bold effort to transform export-

reliant Israeli into a more open,

capitalist economy, 40 years after

the Zionist state was established

with East European-style state socialism and bureaucracy.

bis top priority would be increas-

ing exports in 1989. He said he

hoped bis measures would stimu-

late economic growth by boosting

for paying off government debts.

in U.S. economic and military

aid. Officials said they expected

an overall deficit close to the 1.3

billion sbekels (\$720 million) in the 1988-89 budget.

"Investors are hilked out of

hundreds of billions of dollars

annually by white-collar criminals

who operate through deceit, con-

cealment or breach of trust be-

neath a thin veneer of legitimacy

and respectability," Thornburgh

He said the growth of highly

sophisticated fraud in securities

and futures markets costs the

U.S. treasury \$90 billion every

we are here this morning to

creasing number of investigations

and prosecutions in the securities

and commodities field," he said.

ate out of New York.

The new task forces will oper-

the U.S. treasury

Forty per cent of the budget is

The budget includes \$3 billion

profitability for exporters.

Peres told reporters Monday

cent rise in 1988.

shekel devaluation in January.

CAIRO (R) — Diplomats scram-bled Tuesday to stop shipments annual inflation to less than 10 per cent by the end of the year. The figure just exceeded 16 per of exhibits for the Cairo international trade fair after It was cent in both 1987 and 1988. abruptly cancelled.

Egypt, in telexes to embassies and suppliers, cited technical reasons for the decision. Trade Fair Authority Chairman Hamid Attwa declined to talk to reporters and other officials would not elaborate.

Cancellation

Sone diplomats speculated that Egypt, faced with requests from both Arab countries and Israel to attend the March 11 fair, cancelled it for political reasons.

"It may be because of a refusal by other countries to exhibit beside Israel," a Western diplomat

Another diplomat, sceptical that Egypt would bow to outside pressure, suggested that police might have received information

about a security threat. An angry East European diplomat at the fairgrounds said he had been refused a meeting with Attwa and bis country might sue if no action was taken to solve problems arising from the can-

He said his country had paid about \$50,000 for a pavilion and its exhibit bad already been shipped to Alexandria.

"What is going to happen to it? We don't want to leave it at the harbour or send it back - it's too expensive. We want to bring it in and sell it," be said.

A Western diplomat said his country, after frantic action, bad succeeded in stopping shipments before they left for Egypt. A fair official said at least 31

countries bad planned to take part in the fair and Egypt was working out how to reimburse those which had made payments. The national Middle East New

Agency later quoted Attwa as saying the fairgrounds were being expanded and repaired.

He said the work would be completed before the next international trade fair in March. 1990, and an exhibition of Egyptian export products in October would not be affected.

ECONOMIC NEWS BRIEFS

Danili to build steel plant in Iraq

BAGHDAD (R) — Iraq has signed a contract with an Italian firm for a steel plant to be built capable of producing 300,000 tons a year, the English-language Baghdad Observer reported Wednesday. It said the contract was signed Tuesday by Industry Minister Hussein Kamel Hassan and Janiero Benedetti, general manager of Italia's Decili Company. The permaner gap destribe on the of Italy's Danili Company. The newspaper gave no details on the value of the contract or location of the plant.

London to probe De Beers deals

LONDON (R) - British authorities said Tuesday they were investigating complaints that the South African De Beers Company was involved in unfair diamond trading in London. British Consolidated Gold Fields (Cons Gold) said it had complained to the government Office of Fair Trading (OFT) as part of its campaign to block a hostile takeover bid. The bid, worth £2 billion (\$3.5 billion), is being made by Minorco, the overseas myestment arm of the Anglo American Corporation and the De Beers Group of South Africa. Earlier, the OFT told Britain's national news agency the Press Association that a complaint had been made. If it found there was a case to answer, it could refer De Beers to the state Monopolies and Mergers Commission. "We registered four complaints of unfair trading and restrictive practices with the OFT and they have begun a preliminary inquiry. We think they might be breaking British cartel laws, Cons Gold spokesman Hugh Impey told Reuters.

Sri Lanka to seek aid for poor

COLOMBO (R) - Sri Lanka is expected to seek foreign aid to help finance a controversial poverty-reducing scheme, govern-ment economists have said. A senior central bank economist said foreign aid would be sought once the plan is finalised. "Details of the scheme are unlikely to be presented to foreign missions before next month's parliamentary election," he said. President Ranasinghe Premadasa is leading a ruling United National Party campaign for the Feb. 15 parliamentary poll, also contested by eight other political groups. The president is trying to woo voters with the plan, to be implemented in April. The plan involves awarding 2,500 rupees (\$75) to each of the 1.5 million poor families in Sri Lanka who are presently living on food stamps. The opposition has criticised the scheme as unworkable and said Premadasa could not finance it. A Western diplomat said the plan had osme interesting aspects and foreign assistance was possible. Officials said the two-year scheme could cost anything between 10 billion rupees (\$300 million) to 30 billion rupees (\$900 million) in the first 12 months.

Coffee exports register big fall

LONDON (AP) - World exports of coffee dropped by 10 per cent last year to their lowest level for at least six years, the International Coffee Organisation bas announced. Last year's exports dropped to 64.61 million bags from 72.09 million in 1987, according to the 74-nation coffee organisation's preliminary figures. One bag contains 60 kilogrammes. The drop was largely the result of decreased demand following high import levels in 1987, traders said.

Boeing reports higher profits.

SEATTLE (R) - Boeing Co. has said its fourth-quarter profits: increased 23 per cent, capping a big year for the world's largest commercial aircraft manufacturer in which it received a record \$30.1 billion worth of orders. The company said its quarterly earnings rose to \$174 million on sales of \$4.87 billion. For the year, Boeing said it earned \$614 million on sales of \$16.96 billion versues \$480 million in earnings and \$15.51 billion in sales in 1987, and projected 1989 sales around \$22 billion. Boeing said the increase in profits for both the quarter and year was due primarily to increased sales volume, lower levels of research, development

and other new business expenses, a lower income tax rate and increases in other income. But it reported an operating loss in its military transportation products and related systems segment because of continuing problems with several military airplane

Nigeria helps troubled airlines

LAGOS (R) — Nigeria, Africa's biggest oil producer, has lowered the price of fuel for domestic flights to help airlines crippled by escalating costs. Nigeria's National Petroleum Corporation introduced a two-tier price system and almost halved the cost of fuel for domestic flights to one naira (14 U.S. cents) a little from the previous 1.85 naira (26 U.S. cents) a little. The price of fuel for international flights remains \$1 a gallow (4.5 litres), to be paid in hard currency. State-owned Nigeria Airways said last week it would have to cut one of its four weekly flights to London because it could not earn enough foreign exchange to pay for the fuel. Private operator Gas Air suspended its domestic flights altogether and other airlines said they were also cutting back on services. Airline earnings have been hit not only by rising fuel costs, but by falling passenger numbers and the depreciation of the naira, in which most tickets are paid.

South Koreans earn more

SEOUL (AP) - Monthly earnings for South Korean urban housebolds rose 20.4 per cent last year from \$856 in 1987, according to government figures. The Economic Planning Board listed the average monthly income of urban households in the third quarter of last year at \$995, up 20.4 per cent from the same period of 1987 and up 12.4 per cent in real terms. Consumer prices in the same period rose 7.1 per cent from a year earlier, it

Swiss close Lebanese-linked bank

BERN, Switzerland (AP) - Switzerland's Federal Banking Commission bas revoked the license of a Lebanese-controlled bank, saying it had liquidity and organisational problems and had violated the country's banking code. The watchdog commission, in withdrawing the right of the Lugano-based Banque de Participations et de Placement S.A. (BPP) to operate in Switzerland, said the bank had failed to heed a warning last November to resolve its liquidity problems. It was the first time since 1983 that Swiss anthonties ordered a bank closed. The commission did not detail reasons for its move. BPP officials could not be reached for comment. BPP, which specialised in personal asset management, is 35 per cent owned by Bank Al Mashrek, based in Beirut, and 65 per cent owned by Compart Holding S.A. of Geneva. Danief Zuberbuehler, the banking commission's vice director, described the bank as Lebanese-controlled. The revocation of BPP's license is effective immediately, the commission said.

Defective goods cost China \$5b

BEUING (AP) - Chinese industry lost an estimated 18.32 billion yuan (\$5 billion) last year from production of defective and substandard goods, an official newspaper has said. A survey of 108 machinery, electronics, textile, pharmaceutical and other plants found each produced an average 680,000 yuan (\$134,000) worth of unusable goods lst year, the Economic Daily (Jingji Ribao) reported. The survey, carried out by the China Quality Control Association, said the losses accounted for 1,51 per cent of their total industrial output. The paper quoted an official of the association as saying the nationwide loss ratio is probabley considerably higher. The association said 90 per cent of the waste resulted either from losses in the production process or the production of substandard goods. Losses during transport were also substantial.

TWO FURNISHED FLATS FOR RENT

The first consists of 2 bedrooms, large hall, sitting and dining loilet, lelephone, central heating, garage, lerrace and garden. The second flat is on the first floor and consists of 2 small bedrooms, with all the utilities of the first flat. Location: Shmeisani - Tyche Hotel road

Tel. 606620, 601795

FOR SALE

Flat and Foreign-made Furniture

Flat consisting of 2 bedrooms, 2 bathrooms, salon and dining room.

Fumiture on sale together with electrical appliances. Address: Jabal Amman, directly behind Zahran Palace, near Mu'ta University Office - Fuad Al Sayegh Building. From today, Thursday at 11 a.m. until Friday 5 p.m.

Under the Patronage of H.R.H. Prince Faisal Bin Al-Hussein H.R.H. Princess Alla Al-Faisal **Noor Al Hussein** Foundation / The National Music Conservatory

The American Cultural Center present

A festival of rock music by the SUN RHYTHM SECTION will be held in Jordan

on Feb. 3, 1989 at the Palace of Culture. This unique group is comprised of 6 world famous rock'n roll musicians and among them is Elvis Presley's drummer D.J. Fontana.



Tickets at 3 and 1 JD's are available at: Babiche, tstiklal Library - Swelfieh, Firas Bookshop, the American Cultural Centar, and the National Muaic Conservatory. Young and young at heart will enjoy this festival of rock music from the 50's till today.



AMMAN BACCALAUREATE SCHOOL seeks

a) For March 1989, a qualified half-time teacher of French language and literature in the Senior School to GCE and International Baccalaureate (A level equivalent). b) For August 1989, three native English speaking classroom teachers for the Junior School (grades

The successful candidates must be experienced and qualified teachers and be able to instruct in the fields of English, social studies, physical education and art. Deadline is February 12/89. Application forms are available from the reception. Telephone no. 845572 or 847191/

WANTED

FINANCIAL SPECIALIST

The U.S. Agency for International Development (USAID) currently has a vacancy for a Jordanian National Financial Specialist to serve as the senior advisor on developments relative to banking, financing and investment. Candidate must be able to develop and maintain contacts with officials at senior levels in the government and financial community.

Candidate must have undergraduate degree in business finance (graduate degree preferred) with 5 or more years work experience in the financial sector, good current knowledge of Jordanian financial/banking system, fluency in speaking and writing in both English and Arabic, and must be able to draft written reports in English.

Qualified candidates should submit resumes and sample of writing skills not later than February 16, 1989 to:

Personnel Office U.S. Agency for International Development P.O. Box 354, Amman, Jordan

Dr. Sharhabil S. Ammus M.D. **HEMATOLOGIST**

Diplomate American Board of Internal Medicine Diplomate American Board of Hematology Ex. Assistant Prof. of Med. U. of MIAMI USA.

· Announces the opening of his Clinic

Jabal Amman, Fourth Circle, Khalidi Hospital Opposite Rawhi Pharmacy Tel. 654960



MANY VILLAS AND APARTMENTS FOR **RENT**

Furnished or Unformished In Shmeisani, Sweifieh, Abdoun and many other

For more Information please call Wael Real Estate at 685342

locations.

WANTED FINANCIAL/BANKING OFFICER

The U.S. Agency for International Development has a vacancy for a private enterprise officer with primary responsibility for banking and finance. The officer must be U.S. citizen and reside in Jordan. Analyses of financial sector policies and operations as well as project design and management will be required of the officer. In executing these duties, the incumbent will interact regularly with top level government and business leaders.

Applicants should have a finance or business degree, strong writing and speaking skills and five years experience in banking and programme management.

Applicants should submit their resumes and a sample of their writing not later than February 16, 1989 to:

Personnel Office U.S. Agency for International Development P.O. Box 354, Amman, Jordan

AMMAN EXCHANGE RATES

Tuesday, Feb. I. 1989 Central Bank official rates

U.S. dollar Pound Sterling Deutschemark Swiss franc	863.9 262.8 308.5	Sell 495.0 868.2. 264.1 310.0	French franc Japanese yen (For 100) Dutch guilder Swedish crown Italian lira (for 100) Belgiau franc (for 10)	77.3 378.1- 232.8 77.6 36.0 125.5	77.7 380:0 234.0 78.0 36.2 126.1
--------------------------------------------------------------	-------------------------	-------------------------------------------	------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	--------------------------------------------------	-------------------------------------------------

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) — Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midday on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets Wednesday.

One Sterling 1.7485/95 U.S. dollar One U.S. dollar 1.1832/42 Canadian dollar 1.8685/95. 2.1100/10 Deutschemarks Dutch guilders 1.5920/27 Swiss francs 39.11/16 Belgian francs 6.3625/75 French francs 1367/1368 Italian lire 129.85/95 Japanese yen Swedisb crowns 6.3460/3510 6.7530/80 Norwegian crowns 7.2590//2640 Danish crowns One ounce of gold 391.65/392.05 U.S. dollars

WORLD STOCK MARKETS

SYDNEY — Shares ended lower as concern over the state of the economy dominated the Australian national market. The All Ordinaries index fell 20.3 points to 1,531.4.

TOKYO — Prices closed sharply lower on wornes over a strong rise overnight in the dollar. The Nikkei index fell 220.62 to

HONG KONG — Heavy profit-taking finally lassoed the bull and. Hong Kong stocks closed lower for the first time in seven days. The Hang Seng index fell 11.95 to 3,060.91. SINGAPORE — Prices closed generally higher but some gains were pared in the afternoon after another active day's trading. The Straits Times industrial index rose 3.69 to 1,137.01:

BOMBAY — Prices suffered a setback amid concern over political inlighting in Prime Minister Rajiv Gandhi's ruling Congress (I)

FRANKFURT — Fears of higher West German interest rates, coupled with Deutsche Bank's Tuesday decision to tap the market for 1.3 billion marks, drove prices to a new low for 1989. The DAX index fell 12.21 to close at 1.300.52, just above the low.

ZURICH — Shares closed slightly lower in quiet trading, with the market failing to draw support from the overnight gain on Wall-Street. The all-share Swiss index fell 3.3 to 961.1: PARIS — Prices were steady at midday in relatively binovain trading despite a one-day strike by bourse employees.

LONDON - Shares were easier in late trading but were well above morning lows despite an early downturn on Wall Special The FISE 100 index at 1521 GMT was down 7.2 at 2.044.6. NEW YORK - Stocks turned higher in mid-morning, overcoming a broad early fall centred on blue chips. The Dow was up sacat.

Hani el Ali, Jordan's tennis acc.

8.32 bills

fective as

I survey de

(\$134JE

ficial of

State of

:ess or £

PSDOU K

3328 3°:

TES

ing rates?

Wednesda

dollar

rarks Iders

CS

ancs

SDCS

yen

TOWES) CTOWNS

state of the

nterest and in the man in 1980. Its over the large

ding, with gain on !

ively been

GOREN BRIDGE

BY CHARLES GOREN

and a state of the second

SEIZE THAT EXTRA CHANCE

East-West vulnerable, South NORTH V A 10 9 ... 7 7 5 2

0.64 WEST FAST 4 9 10 75 ♥5 ♥310.93 ♥ Q\$64 ★ K 862 ★ 973

SOUTH → Void ∇ E Q J 8 6 3 2 The bidding:

South West North East

2 ♥ Pass 2 ★ Pass

3 ♥ Pass 5 ♥ Pass ✓ Pass Pass
 Opening lead; Jack of ⇒
 Even mundane hands, sometimes

present an opportunity for an extra chance to bring home your contract...

Can you spot the winning line on this deal? North's jump over game showed a good hand with slam interest but no control to eve-bid outside the stits he had already bid. South ventured on to the grand slam knowing ar hada ili ah ah

that, at worst, his contract would hinge on a chib finesse. Opposite the right hand it could be a laydown. While South might have been guilty of overbidding, be was cer-

tainly culpable of underplaying. He won the diamond lead in hand, drew two rounds of trumpes ending he dimmy and discarded two clubs on the high spades. Next came the club finesse-down one.

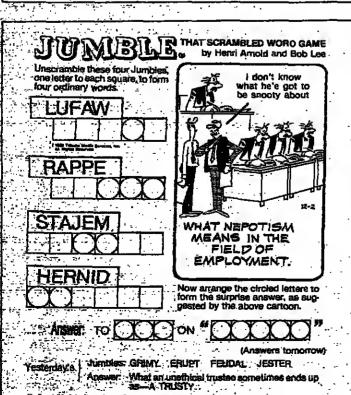
South could have improved his chances considerably. The odds on the missing spades splitting 4-4 are about 33 percent, and the table has just enough entries to test the suit before declarer co the club finesse.

At trick two declarer should cross to the nine of trumps and ruff a spade. The ren of hearts provides a second entry for another spade ruff. Now declarer can get back to the board with the ace of bearts to cash the ace and king of spades for two club discards.

When spades split 4-4, declarer can discard his queen of clubs on the long spade. And should spades turn out to have been 5-3, declarer has lost nothing. He is in dummy, and can fall back on the club finesse for



"If you get insomnia again, look at my bill and you'll pass out."



Jordan hosts Davis Cup preliminaries

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - Jordan, for the first time in its history, will host the first round of the 1989 Davis Cup Tennis Tournament with three days of matches between the Jordanian and Kuwaiti men's teams at the Sports City beginning Friday. The winner will compete against Pakistan in April in the second round of the Asian Zone Group II.

The Amman leg of the event consists of one doubles and four singles matches. Jordan will be represented by Hani Al Ali, the national tennis ace, along with Abdullah Al Khalil, lyad Shehadeh and Fourat Hamadi. A draw Thursday will determine individual and doubles teams.

The first two singles games will be played Friday at 11:30 a.m. and the doubles match is scheduled for Saturday at 4:00 p.m.

Seventy-nine states took part in the October 1988 draw in Paris for the 1989 tournament. The competition is divided between the World Grup and the five

Sources at the Jordan Tennis

Tickets for the entire three-day

to overcome. Being in the company

of young people will bring pleasure. SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21)

The philosophy that money is security can be carried too far. Worry over the checkbook balance

SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec.

211 Curb over-estimation of your

hasic knowledge. You may stand alone an some home issues. Enlist

the cooperation of family members.

CAPRICORN (Oec. 22 to Jan. 20)

Moods mey swing like a pendulum today. It may require patching up the feelings of someone close. Avoid

Impatient reections. AQUARTUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19)

Powerful new directions may come into view. Once you get started, everything will fall into place. Be accepting of another's generosity. PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Rela-

tionships mey hit a bump or two.

Thinking you have all the answers

will not impress others. Uee

can be set aside.

YOUR HOROSCOPE

- As Charted By The Carroll Righter Astrological Foundation

GENERAL TENDENCIES: Love could take on many different forms of expression. Some may act impulsively and form fast, lively encounters. Others may prefer to disengage from their present

Sometimes you must depend upon others. Rally with the troops end avoid playing king of the mountain. Be a team player for best results. TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) Your romantic appetite is etarved. and now is the time to move forward. Your partner will understand GEMINI (May 2t to June 21)

thought out and not a result of acting on restlese feelings. MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to

Jni. 21) Jealousy could occur over watching someone succeed who has not earned it. Don't let negative

smother the fires of an overstimulated argument, Family financial matters need a review. VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) Superiors are pleased by your ef-

may encounter confusing situations

which require patience and a second

You may find yourself all geared up with no place to go. A dilemma pope up that can produce impulsive behavior. Curb nervous energy.

MOON CHILDREN Upoe 22 to

tomorrow's commitment before you

1 Sheep 4 Hurry 9 Gr. portico 13 Golf club 15 Tigers and Cubs 16 Paddles

16 Paddies 17 Actor Kruger 18 Thing of value 19 Provo's state 20 Layer 21 Speck 22 Boot-shaped

Remarque
Respect
Respe

40 On the briny 41 1492 ship

42 Oast 43 WWII landing

47 Garret 49 Henrik — 51 Mysterioue

55 Some socials 58 Bismarck's

(Robin Hood's triend)
63 Gas light
64 Encircled
85 Cana

Shaw
3 Musical plex
4 Flower part
5 Max. money
6 Part of EST
7 Moslem nob

Masiem no Rel. of ab Regional speech So long Spoken Pale

THE Daily Crossword by Dorothy B. Martin

FORECAST FOR FRIDAY, PEBRUARY 3, 1989 As Charted By The Carroll Highler Astrological Foundation GENERAL TENDENCIES: You set the stage for a refreshing

weekend. A reminder: Diet and

health plans succeed when followed.

LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Tolook before acting. Fantasy and imagination can cloud an otherwise day's work may not get finished, leaving loose ends to worry over. understandable situation. ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) You when you need it. Your own efforts produce results when you get in

socializing and having fun. SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) You will enjoy this communicative gear and take charge.

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20)
The overall day is quiet notif the pace picks up in the late afternoon.

Evening traffic may have you in a day in spite of cutting remarks. A deep discussion with a mentor will bead off future difficulties. SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Your expansive mood can set the stage for some socializing. frenzy. Avoid the tendency to rush. GEMINI (May 21 to June 21)

the stage for some socializing. Avoid someone who wants to part you from some of your money.

CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20)
You may prefer to duck out on eome prearranged plans. Avoid a know-it-all person who does not deserve your attention.

AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19)
Objectivity is missing today which

Objectivity is missing today which can lead to self-doubt, uncertainty and prejudiced judgments. Stay with basic and familiar routines.

PISCES IFeb. 20 to Mar. 29) People find you attractive which

MOON CHILDREN (Juce 22 to Jul. 21) Heaven can be a quiet evening at home over a favorite meal with someone you care about. Cooperation is paying off. You are getting along better with others.

LEO (Jul. 22 to Aug. 21) Party time could get involved past midnight, so be certain that you keep temorrow's commitment before you has more to do with your inner glow overindulge.
VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22)
Some quiet time and relaxation will than appearance. You may be in the

Yesterday's Puzzle Solved:

54 Uptight 55 Epic 56 Journey 57 Land m 59 Inter —

62 Character by

40 Wee is maj 44 \$99 48 Weight abbr 48 Keepsakes 50 Concluded

The final two singles matches will be played Sunday at 3:00 p.m. A best-of-five formula will be applied to determine the winners who will play Pakistan April 7-9.

zonal competitions, two in Europe, plus the American, Asia/ Oceania and African zones.

Federation said the six-member Kuwain team arrived in Amman Wednesday afternoon after attending a training camp in Morocco. The four players also had a chance to practice at the indoor court of the Sports City in preparation for the journament.

event can be bought for JD 5 each at the Sports City gate, Al Waha Stores, Firas Bookshop, Al Rabiya Bakery, and A1

FORECAST FOR TITURSDAY, FEBRUARY 2, 1989

forts. New ideas stimulate productivity and get results. Warm homefires swait you. LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Getting started may be difficult. The possibility of lwredom mey be hard

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19)

Avoid being careless or taking chances. Activities should be well

moods drag you down, LEO (Jul. 22 to Aug. 21) Apologies may be necessary to

Sabatini wins, Zvereva beaten

TOKYO (AP) - Gabriela Sabatini of Argentina, struggling at first, beat an unheralded Japanese player Wednesday, but Natalia Zvereva became the Soviet Union's second upset victim in the Pan Pacific Open Tennis Tournament.

women players, beat 172nd-ranked Akemi Nishiya 6-3, 6-2 in 81

In another second-round match, qualifier Molly Van Nostrand of the United States, ranked 239th, upset Zvereva, ranked eighth, 6-2, 7-5. Soviet player Larisa Savchenko, ranked 17th, fell victim Tuesday to Japan's Nana Miyagi, 7-5, 5-7, 4-6.

Sabatini, 18, an Australian open semifinalist, told reporters,

Sabatini, seeded third here and "at first, it was not an easy game. ranked fourth among the world's I never saw her (Nishiya's) game before. She ran well and bad nice back- and forehand shots." The match went with service

> which Sabatini bad to struggle through four deuces to hold serve before breaking in the eighth without losing a point.
>
> The deciding game went to

deuce three times before Nishiya netted a volley. In the second set, Sabatini

broke in the first game on her

Sabatini, who drew a first round bye, said the surface here is a hit slow compared with the courts used in the Australian

After beating Zvereva, Van Nostrand, of Brightwaters, New York, said, "I played very well, and never gave her a chance to get into the match. I served well and took control."

Van Nostrand broke service through the seventh game, in three times in the first set and shot off to a 5-0 lead in the second before Zvereva recovered to 5-5. Van Nostrand kept serve in the 11th game and broke in the 12th.

"I was beaten because I think the practice time was not right and I had a problem in weight," said Zvereva, who added she is

about two kilogrammes overweight now.

In remaining first round matches on the artificial courts of the Aoyamagakuin University Memorial Hall, Claudia Kohde-Kilsch of West Germany, overcoming six double faults, defeated Japan's Etsuko Inoue 6-1.

Zina Garrison of the United States crushed compatriot Ann Grossinan 6-3, 6-0, Lori McNeil of the United States defeated Nicole Provis of Australia 7-5, 6-2 and Mary Joe Fernandez of the United States defeated Japan's Tamaka Takagi 6-3, 6-0. No. 1 seed Martina Navratilova

and Chris Evert, the No. 2 seed. do not start action until

Unpredictable week in French soccer

PARIS (R) - French soccer is swinging unpredictably as it awakes from a seven-week winter hibernation.

A 31-year-old player who thought he had left international soccer with dignity has suddenly found himself forced back in. while a 22-year-old preening himself for his debut is recoiling from unceremonious rejection.

The focus of attendon should have been the resumption this weekend of the duel between Paris Saint-Germain and Auxerre for the league title. But it has switched to the bizarre dilemmas facing sweeper Patrick Battiston and striker Eric Cantona.

Their careers are heading in opposite directions, in each case opposite to what they would bave chosen.

Battiston, the Monaco sweeper who retired from the national team 15 months ago, has been pressed back into service by new team boss Micbel Platini, his former national teammate.

Cantona, inexperienced but hailed in the last year or two as the new Platini, plummeted to earth after an outburst of temper which cost him an indefinite suspension by his club Marseille.

Platini, whose clear priority is to get France into the 1990 'world cup finals, made no bones about recalling Battiston against the player's wisbes, as be did last November with another reluctant ex-colleague, Jean Tigana.

"I forced him to come back otherwise he would bave been suspended," Platini said of the sweeper he named in the squad to play Ireland in Dublin in a friendly Feh. 7.

"I don't like bringing back old players but I have no choice. I have to get results," he added. France meet Scotland in a vital

world cup qualifier next month in Glasgow where Battiston looks certain to be marshalling the visiting defence whether he likes it or

Cantona, an intense but confused young man with a burning desire to play for his country, would love to be seeking glory in Glasgow. Instead, he is likely to

play for Marseille reserves against a third division defence before a handful of fans.

His career, already liberally strewn with the debris of youthful excess, hit rock-bottom when he fiung his shirt at the referee and walked off the field during a weekend charity game.

It was all because some of the 8,000 spectators in Sedan were whistling his every mistake, a reaction which prompted speculation on bow he would cope with a bostile full house in Madrid, Milan or Liverpool.

His gesture will cost him dearly. Furious club officials banned him from the first team until further notice and punished bim with a heavy fine.

Club President Bernard Tapie made it crystal clear that his contract would be ended if Cantona, who cost Marseille a record French fee of 20 million francs last summer, committed further misdemeanours.

Cantona has won five caps for hsi country and, in terms of pure

ability, has the makings of a star. But his career already seems to be on the brink.

If Cantona is paying the penalty for his temperament, Battiston must pay it for his talent - there is simply no other sweeper around with his vision, skill and

The two may be at opposite ends of the spectrum but they have something in common. Botb are best known internationally for something other than their considerable talents.

Battiston earned unfortunate fame as victim in the 1982 world cupi semifinals of a brutal charge hy West German goalkeeper Toni Schumacher which landed him in bospital. Not surprisingly, Cantona won

his reputation as the aggressor when he called then national trainer Henri Micbel "close to a bag of shit" last year for not picking him for a friendly. That typically ill-considered

gibe: won him a season's suspension from the national team.

NBA Roundup

NEW YORK (AP) - The New York Knicks defeated the Indiana Pacers Tuesday night 120-

Reserves Gerald Wilkins and Kenny Walker scored New York's first 11 points of a 16-5 second-half spurt that carried the Knicks to their 15th consecutive home victory.

The victory gave New York an 18-1 home record and a 10-6 mark in January, the first time since February 1984 the Knicks won 10 games in a month.

The Cleveland Cavaliers defeated the Philadelphia 76ers 118-103.

Brad Daugherty exploited the middle of a Philadelphia defeoce weakened by the absence of Charles Barkley to score 31 points and Ron Harper had a triple-double Tuesday night as the Washington Bullets defeated the Boston Celtics 110-103.

John Williams and Mark Alarie each scored eight points as Washington erased a nine-point deficit in the fourth quarter. The Utah Jazz defeated the Dallas Mavericks 99-84. John Stockton made eight con-

secutive shots, including four during a 17-10 run to open the third quarter, and Utah moved into undisputed possession of first place in the Midwest Division. The Milwaukee Bucks defeated the Sacramento Kings for

the 13th consecutive time 117-Jay Humphries scored 23 points and Ricky Pierce had 13 of

his 21 in the fourth quarter. The Chicago Pistons defeated the Detroit Bulls 104-98. Dennis Rodman and Bill Laim

beer sank Clutch Baskets after pulling down offensive rebounds in a roughly played overtime. Chicago's Michael Jordan had his third triple-double of the sea-

son - 21 points, 12 assists, 10

rebounds. The Los Angeles Lakers defeated the Houston Rockets 125-

Magic Johnson recorded his NBA-leading 11th triple-double of the season and Michael Cooper sparked a third-quarter scoring

run. Johnson had 17 points, 11 rebounds and 10 assists for his fourth triple-double in his last

eight games. The San Antonio Spurs defeated the Denver Nuggets 117-

Vernon Maxwell scored 26

ped a three-game losing streak. Alex English paced Denver with 28 points and Fat Lever added 25. The New Jersey Nets defeated the Seattle Supersonics 118-112.

Buck Williams' three-point play with 38 seconds left out New Jersey ahead to stay and the Nets points and Greg Anderson added 'snapped Seattle's 17-game home 17 as the Spurs, who had lost 10 winning streak with a 118-112 of their previous 11 games, snap- victory Tuesday night.

The Leonard-Hearns act hits broadway

NEW YORK (R) - Boxing came to Broadway Tuesday with a bombastic revue leaving little doubt that the manly-art of selfdefence is really a multi-media

act of self-promotion. Even promoter Boh Arum, staging what he euphemistically called a news conference at the

70-year-old Roseland dancehall

to officially announce the Sugar

Ray Leonard-Thomas Hearns

world super middleweight title

irrelevant to staging a multi-million-dollar bout. It has not been decided whether Leonard's World Boxing Council Super Middleweight title or Hearn's World Boxing Orga-

nisacon (WBO) version of the

fight in June, admitted that the

talents of the fighters are

crown will be up for grabs. Arum's production Tuesday, which he said cost \$30,000 for about 20 minutes of action.





Mutt'n' Jeff



Andy Capp



Peanuts

Kenva's famous 🗈

NAIROBI (R) - Omieri, the

famous python reputed in west-

ern Kenya to be the source of

food fortune, has died. Kenya's

national museums announced

The museums said Omieri died

Saturday after a long illness. En-

vironmentalists said the three-

metre python had apparently not

recovered from burns it accidentally received in 1987, when it had to be brought from Nyanza to Kenya's capital Nairobi, for treatment. Omien's removal

sparked a heated national debate:

with members of parliament ex-

pressing fears that unless the

python was returned to Nyanza the province could be strack by a series of calamities, including

drought. Omieri, said to be the giver of rains, good harvests and fish, was later returned to

Editor-reveals

Gorbachev's salary

MOSCOW (R) — Soviet leader. Mikhail Gorbachev earns more

than 1.500 roubles (\$2,500) a

month and donated the \$600,000

he received from U.S. sales of his

latest book to the Communist

Party. But the figure, revealed

apparently for the first time by

Ogonyok magazine editor Vitaly

Korotich, is only a fraction of the

annual \$250,000 in salary and

expenses earned by his superpower opposite number. U.S. Presi-

dent George Bush, Gorbachev s

pay is still generous in a country.

where the average monthy wage

can be as low as 200 roubles:

(\$330). "People ask: Gorbachev

does not get much money so

where does his wife get so many

new dresses from. It's not a se-

rious question because Mikhail

roubles (a. month)," Korotich

said in an interview in the Molda

Sergeyevich is not badly paid at all — he gets more than 1,500.

Nyanza.

python dies

Shevardnadze in China with summit plans

PEKING (R) — Soviet Foreign Minister Eduard Shevardnadze said on arriving in China Wednesday night that the leaders of their two countries would hold a summit meeting of "enormous importance" to the whole world.

Stepping onto the tarmac at Peking airport in a strong wintry wind. Shevardnadze told reporters he had brought a personal letter from Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev to China's leaders.

China and the Soviet Union had already agreed to hold a summit meeting, their first since 1959, and his visit was intended to complete preparations and fix an exact time. Shevardnadze said in

a prepared written statement. We are starting our negotiations fully aware of the scale of the fortbeoming event, of its enormous importance for the

tions and improvement of the situation in the region and in the whole world." the statement said.

After two days of talks in Peking and even a quick visit to the Great Wall. Shevardnadze will fly to Shanghai for a meeting Saturday with China's senior leader. 84-year-old Deng Xiaoping.

The last Sino-Soviet summit was between Nikita Khrushchev and Chairman Mao Tsetung in Peking in 1959 when relations were already deteriorating between the two communist powers over foreign policy and ideologic-

Andrei Gromyko, who accom-

LONDON (AP) - Five men

have been convicted and jailed

for stealing at least £30 million

(\$53 million) in cash. gold,

silver, gems and other valu-

ables in Britain's biggest rob-

Police say about two-thirds

panied Khrusbchev on that ill-fated mission, was the last Soviet foreign minister to visit China. Fierce fighting broke out along

the Sino-Soviet border in the 1960s and relations remained hostile until the early 1980s. "We are convinced that the

summit will open a new chapter in the history of two neighbouring countries," Shevardnadze said. Officials on both sides bave said Gorhachev is likely to visit China in the first half of this year.

Informed Chinese sources said concerns over Deng's health could mean an early summit but a Foreign Ministry spokesman dismissed as "utterly groundless" rumours that Deng was ill.

The tone of Shevardnadze's statement was a far cry from the polemics that characterised Sino-Soviet relations just a few years

ago. The Soviet foreign minister de-

scribed his Chinese counterpart as "my esteemed colleague, com-rade Qian Qicben" and he praised China's successful reforms.

Speaking briefly to reporters, Shevardnadze said the basis of a new Sino-Soviet relationship would be peaceful coexistence and mutual respect.

He did not reveal the contents of Gorbachev's letter.

Diplomats say the two sides have reached a broad agreement on settling the 10-year-old Kampucbean conflict under which Vietnam, Moscow's ally, would withdraw by September the troops it has maintained in Kampuchea since 1978 and China would phase out support for guerrilla forces, dominated by the Khmer Rouge.

Troop movements on the border and possible verification by inspectors are also expected to he raised in Peking.

Nikolai Chervov, a senior official on the armed forces general staff, said on Soviet television Tuesday that Moscow would soon start what be said was the second reduction of Soviet forces in

We shall withdraw from there 75 per cent of our troops and our entire air force," Chervov told a live phone-in programme, without giving a date for the pullout.

'We expect (Shevardnadze's) visit and especially the summit meeting to yield considerable results which will fully back up the measures which we have taken unilaterally to reduce our armed

The remaining stumbling block to improved relations, the presence of more than 100,000 Soviet Iroops in Afghamstan since 1979, should be removed when the pullout is completed Feh. 15 in accordance with U.N.sponsored accords.

lose," O'Donohue said as

An Israeli-born former anti-

ques dealer, Israel Pinkas, got a 10-year sentence for handling

£750,000 (\$1.3 million) worth

of stolen property. Viccei estimated the haul

was worth £40 million (\$70 million), and detectives said it

was worth at least £30 million

Police said about £10 million

(\$17 million) worth of the hanl

has been recovered. They said

about £7 million (\$12 million)

worth of that will be returned

to owners, but that about £3

million (\$5 million) remains

Police think many of the

mainly foreign owners may not

have claimed items of stolen

property because they want to

conceal the full extent of their

wealth for political, tax or

(\$53 million).

unclaimed.

was led from the court.



FOUND INNOCENT AFTER 30 YEARS —

A Japanese man who spent 30 years on death row for the murder of a six-year-old girl was cleared of the charge Monday and released. Masso Akabori, 59, right, was found innocent in a retrial in Shiznoka that begin in October, 1987, following appeals by himand his supporters.

African students ask to quit China

PEKING (R) - Forty-four China gave copies of the petition African students in Nanking, scene of racial clashes in December, bave petitioned their Peking embassies to let them leave China "at all costs," students said Wednesday.

Their petition complained that they were being used as "propaganda tools" by African governments and Peking, accusing di-plomats of "sacrificing students" for a racism-infested friendship" by forcing them to stay.

"With our long experience in the Chinese society... there is no other way to describe the Chinese-African student problem but as one rooted in racial discrimination," it said.

promoters of diplomatic ties" African students' only option was to leave, it said.

African students in Nanking and Peking have been asking to be sent home since the unrest of late December. So far only Gambian Alpha Robinson, accused by China of inciting the clashes, is

known to have left. Representatives of the General Union of African Students in

to embassies this week along with. a statement signed by 138 foreign students in Nanking. The second document includes

the signatures of American, European, Japanese and Soviet students as well as Africans. It alleges college authorities deliberately provoked the clashes to. punish students for breaking

Thousands of Chinese attacked a foreign student dormitory at Nanking's Hehai University after a racial brawl on Christmas Eve. and four days of anti-black demonstrations followed.
Police later held more than 130

foreign students incommunicado Decades of "public education", in a guest house for 10 days to was the only way to eradicate investigate alleged African ring-racism and that as "the future leaders of the initial fighting."

"Subsequent treatment by the police was beyond the protection of our own safety... many of us were beaten, some with electric prods, while all of us were restricted from phone calls, visits from diplomats or friends," the second statement said.

"We were treated like prisoners as if we were guilty," it said, adding the incidents had deepened racism in China and

vian youth newspaper, Molody-ozh Moldavii. "Why shouldn't he buy his wife a new dress?" Korotich asked in the interview in a recent edition of the newspaper that reached Moscow Tuesday.

China's 'stupid habit of banquets' PEKING (AP) — A leading newspaper Wednesday criticised China's "stupid habit of banquets," saying they waste money and don't match up to parties in the United States, Japan, Britain and West Germany. In five related articles, Economic Information (Jingii Cankao) said Chinese officials eat, drink and waste too much during their ubiquitous feats, impoverishing and debilitating the revelers. The articles are part of a campaign in the state-run press to illuminate social problems resulting from China's economic reforms, which have loosened many restrictions. One such article on hignor in the China Youth News called the Chinese spirit Maotai an "all-purpose grease" for bribing officials. Wednesday's stories were published four days before the start of the spring festival, the lunar new year, China's biggest holi-

A.

Thieves steal

exotic ingredient HONG KONG (AP) - Thieves feeding a market voracious for exotic food stole more than 454. kilogrammes of shark fins, an ingredient in a popular soup. authorities said. The fins, worth about \$64,000, were stolen from the Shu Kee seafood store in Hong Kong, said a police spokes man. A bowl of shark's fin soup, which some believe can help pre-serve youth, can cost up to \$35. In August, thieves took 71 kilogrammes of hird's nests worth \$134,000. The nests, which are. made from the saliva of swallows, are considered a health food particularly favoured by the elderly.

Married chess players draw

BELLEVUE: Washington (AP) - John Donaldson and Flens Akhmilovskaya, the American and Soviet chess players who eloped in November, played to a draw on a hnge playing board at a shopping centre exhibition match. For their marriage that might have been best, Donaldson admitted after the match first too dangerous. too dangerous," he said. "It feet it " in my heart. Maybe married couples shouldn't play against one another." They played their first game against one another on a 2.44 metre chessboard. During the game, the couple smiled fepe at a tedly at one another. That was because we both thought we were winning." Donaldson said. Donaldson, ranked 40th in the world, and Akhmilovskays, ranked fourth among women chess players, cloped to Germany from a tournament in Greece

of the haul is still missing. Valerio Viccei, the 34-yearold Italian who masterminded

the robbery at a London safe deposit centre, was sentenced to 22 years in prison Monday after the two-month jury trial at London's old Bailey central criminal court.

Detectives, speaking on condition of anonymity, said they thought Viccei, who bad almost one month to dispose of the haul before he was arrested, still controls much of it. One Scotland Yard detective

said: "He is set for a very comfortable retirement when be gets out" of prison.

their turn

at Tower

Viccei, who was born in Ascoli in eastern Italy, was also sentenced to a 12-year term Monday for a firearms offence to run concurrently with the other sentence.

Assisted by Parvez Latiff, the debt-ridden owner of the safe deposit centre, the gang hroke into 120 deposit boxes July 12, 1987, and stole enough valuables to fill a bathtub at their hideout, prosecutor Roy Amlot told the court.

Viccei and an accomplice posed as customers at the safe deposit centre across from Harrods department store in the expensive Knightshridge

Once inside, they pulled guns on security guards and on Latiff, 32, who concealed his involvement. They and other gang members spent two hours breaking open boxes, taking goods such as a 40-carat di-

amond, since recovered, belonging to the wife of West German industrialist Gerd Rudolph Flick.

5 sentenced in Britain's biggest heist

One robber cried, "bingo." when he upened a box containing £150,000 (\$265,000) worth of cocaine, the court heard.

Viccei cut his finger on one box, took off his glove, and left a fingerprint, which allowed police to arrest him a week before he planned to flee to South America.

Latiff, who had been promised one-third of the haul, was sentenced to 18 years in prison for robbery and five years concurrently for possessing a gun. One accomplice, David

Poole, was given 16 years with a five-year concurrent sentence. Another, Peter O'Donobue, was given an II-year sentence Tuesday.

"Some you win, some you

Canadian Indians

VANCQUVER, British Columbia (R) - Defiant Haida Indians said Tuesday they had issued assembly to issue themselves themselves passports and a flag passports for travel abroad and and planned to govern their is- had consecrated their own redland homeland as an independent and-white flag, depicting an eagle

The Haida, who live in the Queen Charlotte Islands north of Vancouver, said they had never surrendered their land and saw no point in negotiating land claims with a Canadian government which insisted they give up their title to it.

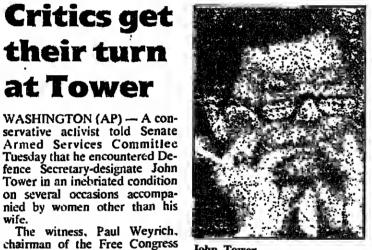
"It's their negotiating process which they didn't ask us about, it's not acceptable to us," Miles Ricbardson, president of the council of the Haida nation, said from the island town of Masset. "We have absolutely no inten-

tion of ever selling," the title to the islands, he said. Richardson said there were abdecided at their weekend annual and a raven to represent the two distinct Haida clans.

Richardson said the Haida wete tired of watching others plunder their timber and fish resources and planned to stop a gold mine project proposed by city resources, a publicly traded Australian firm. "We've decided it's not going ahead," he said.

You have to realise this is part of a negotiating strategy," said Indian Affairs Department Spokesman Richard van Loon, who said the government was not currently involved in any direct land negotiations with the Haida.

appeared to be doing nothing Canada to make a declaration like that," he said.



John Tower

foundation, has opposed Tower's acter." Weyrich said. nomination on grounds he is soft on "Star Wars," the propose space-based nuclear defence Weyrich claimed that Bush's transition team received hunshield for the United States. dreds of letters criticising Tower, Tuesday, Weyrich questioned some containing specific allegawhether Tower had the moral tions of "moral impropriety" character to oversee Defence Deagainst the nominee, but did not partment reforms that President hring the letters to the president's George Bush has promised he attention.

Weyrich said he never saw the "I have made enough personal letters, but "I have encountered the senator in a condition lacking observations of this man here in Washington to have serious resohriety as well as with women be servations about his mdral charwas not married to.

claim independence Richardson said the Indians

out 5,000 Haida living in the Queen Charlottes, with a further 1.000 living in Alaska.

He added that the Indians

unlawful. "It is not illegal in

Oil slick hits wildlife in Antarctica

BUENOS AIRES, Argentina the vessel went down that the (AP) - An Argentine oceanographic and supply ship sank in heavy seas after running aground off Antarctica, and authorities in the region said oil from the ship had created a 16-kilometre slick that was killing wildlife.

would initiate.

No one was injured in the sinking late Tuesday of the 122metre Bahai Paraiso, which hegan leaking diesel fuel after striking rocks Saturday, the govern-ment news agency TELAM reported, citing a navy communique. It did not say whether the

double-hulled ship broke up or if diesel oil had spilled when it sank, and the depth of the water was not immediately known. The U.S. National Science

Antarctic could face ecological calamity if the 946,350 litres of diesel fuel aboard the ship were

Officials from the foundation, the Greenpeace Environmental Group and a U.S. research facility near the shipwreck said fuel that leaked from the vessel before it sank had killed krill, a shrimplike crustacean that is a vital part of the Antarctic food chain, affecting gulls and penguins.

*The krill are dying; they are literally jumping out of the water," the New Zealand Press Association quoted a Greenpeace spokesman, Peter Bogart, as saying. "Seabirds attracted by the krill are diving into the slick... it's Foundation had warned before a real environmental disaster in

no uncertain terms.' Bogart said the information was relayed by an officer at the U.S. Palmer Research Station on the Antarctic peninsula, which is 3.2 kilometres from the shipwreck. A station spokesman,

talking to the AP hy telephone on condition of anonymity, said leaking oil bad caused a 16kilometre slick. The ship had been carrying supplies including jet fuel, gasoline and canisters of compressed gases to the Argentine Esperanza station near the tip of the

peninsula, the National Science Foundation said in a statement released in Washington. More than 300 tourists and crew were evacuated from the Horn, the tip of South America. Salvage efforts had been hampered by 80 kilometre per hour The ship sustained a 11-metrelong gash in its hull, and some

diesel fuel began leaking,

966 kilometres south of Cape

washing ashore near Palmer Station, the foundation said. Foundation spokesman Jack Renerie said Tuesday before the ship sankthat the leak, which was

threatening penguins and other wildlife, had stopped.

"Scientists are concerned that some research search projects may already have been affected by the leak," a foundation statement said. It said two Argentine salvage vessels were expected to ship after it ran aground about arrive Thursday or Friday.

Bush — a man of magic, hand buzzers

kinder and gentler world of George Bush there's a fun-loving side not seen in public — that of amaleur magician and jokesler known to shake hands with a hidden handbuzzer.

troops by September, assuming a political solution could be reached. Hanoi also agreed that an international group could suzer tbat tingles.

He even has been given to

Although Bush, 64, has been in

eight years as vice president -relatively little is known about the private man. Only in the aftermath of the

expert, fisherman. And it took shoe pitching and jogging.

known, to take hand buzzers along for any summit with Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbacbev or to perform magic at cabinet ses-

However, sources said Bush has given ex-president Reagan magic tricks for gifts.

Al Cohen, owner of Al's Magic

The bowl — which looks like a

really out of reach.

One of Bush's self-appointed tasks as Reagan's vice president was to collect jokes to tell his chief each morning.

Cohen features in his window a large photograph of himself and a smiling George Bush, with the words: "Congratulations to our mosi famous customer,

store a number of times or has sent aides, usually around the Christmas season. A White House source said

Bush usually buys tricks and novelty items for his 10 grandchildren - and tries them out first. Bush, according to Al Cohen, is not into buying cheap stuff. He said the president bought a dis-

appearing deck of card box for over \$60. Put a deck of cards inside it and the cards disappear. During the last weekend of the campaign, one of Bush's trick

He closed off a session with reporters by holding up an electronic noisemaker sounding like a screeching bomh and said: "I'm terminating this news confer-

WORLD NEWS IN BRIEF

No sex please, we are mafia

PALERMO, Sicily (R) — Jailed mafia gangsters would reject the chance of monthly sex with wives or girlfriends because it would be an insult to their honour, an inquiry in a Turin newspaper said Wednesday. La Stampa, quoting prisoners, magistrates and a psychologist said most inmates of Palermo's Ucciardone jail would turn down the privilege, proposed by prison experts last month as a way of easing tension. "What an embarrassment, It's bad enough just seeing your woman in prison, let alone doing the rest," a recently released prisoner identified as Matteo said. "When you're inside you forget everything. It's a rule which holds for everyone, it's a code, a matter of honour." He told the newspaper that other inmates beat a prisoner who touched his wife's breasts during a visit. "We told him to be a man and we had to beat him so he understood."

Jackson in Moscow

MOSCOW (R) - U.S. civil rights activist Jesse Jackson met Soviet Communist Party Politburo member Alexander Yakovlev Tuesday and called for closer U.S.-Soviet cooperation on disarmament, space exploration and in resolving regional conflicts, poverty and illiteracy. TASS news agency said Jackson also called for joint action to end apartheid in South Africa and civil war in Afghanistan and Central America. "The U.S. and the Soviet Union, as the two superpowers, have the most responsibility to set the pace for new priorities in the world," he said. "Just as there has been an arms race, there must now be a race for arms reduction." Jackson, who is scheduled to visit Armenia, toured a hospital treating children injured in last month's earthquake

Sikh extremists kill family

AMRITSAR (AP) — Sikb extremists armed with Chinese assault rifles harged into a farmer's house in the northern state of Punjab and shot him and his five relatives dead, a senior police official said Wednesday. The floor in the farmer's house in Ladho village, 34 kilometres from this holy city of Sikhs, was covered with blood after the killings Tuesday, senior police superintendent Sanjeev Gupta said. The victims, identified as Bakhish Singh, his wife Kulwant Kaur and their two sons and two daughters-in-law, were converts to the Sikh faith, Gupta said. "The bodies were piled in a corner of the hullet-riddled room and utensils smeared in blood lay scattered," he said. A blood-soaked kirpan, the traditional sword carried by all Sikh men, lay next to Bakhish Singh, Gupta said. Police believe seven or eight gunmen fired un the family and escaped under cover of darkness.

Armacost named envoy to Japan

WASHINGTON (AP) - President George Bush intends to nominate Michael H. Armacost, currently under secretary of state for political affairs, as the new U.S. ambassador to Japan, it was learned Tuesday. Armacost is the highest-ranking career foreign service officer at the State Department. He succeeds Mike Mansfield, he has retired.



solution PEKING (AP) — Kampuchean leader Prince Norodom Sihanouk said Wednesday he would hack any solution to the Kampuchean conflict reached unanimously at an upcoming meeting of the war-

Sihanouk

will back

Jakarta

ring groups. I. my party and my army will loyally approve, support and apply any accord," the prince said in a stalement.

The accord must first be approved by three parties meeting in Indonesia Feb. 19-21. They Vietnamese-backed government in Kampuchea, Son Sann, a Western-leaning Kampuchean leader, and Khieu Samphan, a top official in the communist Khmer

Rouge group., Sihanouk said he made the statement to counter reports that he "sought to retard as much as possible the resolution of the

(Kampuchean) question. Late last week, Sihanouk cancelled a trip to Jakarta for the talks because, he said, the Vietnamese-hacked government in Kampuchea had rejected his own recent peace proposal.

In Wednesday's statement, he said he had been criticised for his decision to hoycott the meeting. in his peace plan. Sihanouk proposed that an international

peace-keeping force supervise the withdrawal of Vietnamese troops. Hun Sen claimed the plan would facilitate the return to power of the Khmer Rouge, the most powerful of the three rehel The Khmer Rouge ruled Kampuchea from 1975 to late 1978,

killing bundreds of thousands of

people to enforce its brand of

communism. Vietnam's interven-

tion in December 1978 eventually replaced the pro-Peking Khmer Rouge with a pro-Hanoi govern-Vietnam, Laos, the warring parties of Kampuchea and the members of the non-communist Association of South-East Asian Nations were to meet in Jakarta. Indonesia's capital, for a second

session of multilateral peace

talks. The first meeting took

place last July. The association includes Thailand, Indonesia, Singapore, Malaysia, the Philippines and Brunei.

Last month, China and Vietnam held their first high-level meeting since 1979, when China attacked Vietnam to "punish" it for its invasion of Kampuchea. In the negotiations, Vietnam reportedly agreed to withdraw its

pervise the withdrawal. In return, China reportedly agreed to slow its aid to the Kampuchean rebel coalition as

Vietnam withdraws its troops. The reported agreement did not represent a change in position of either country. Both had issued public statements before the meeting spelling out their

WASHINGTON (R) - In the

According to White House sources familiar with his habits, Bush has been known to surprise people by handing them dollar bills that mysteriously disappear, wallets that explode and offering a handshake with a vibrating buz-

surprising people with such classic novelties as noise-making cushions, according to one White

the public eye for most of his Shop three blocks from the White

adult life — including the last

Nov. 8 election did the world realise that he is an avid, and presidential politics to reveal his penchant for Chinese food, horse Bush has no plans, as far as is

House, is sure he did. He said Bush bought a \$40 "mirage" bowl and added, "I believe he gave it to President Reagan."

covered bowl or small wok with a hole on top - gives the appearance that money or other objects placed inside can be easily grabbed from on top. But it's an optical illusion and the items are

Cohen said Bush has visited the

gadgets surfaced.